



# High Purity Diaphragm Valves

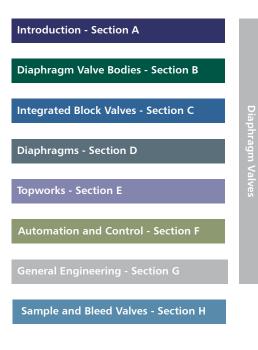




Engineered for life

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## **Innovative Solutions ... time tested results**

The ITT Pure-Flo<sup>®</sup> valve product line began in 1978 as an extension to the venerable ITT Dia-Flo product line. Since then ITT Pure-Flo has been delivering a process proven stainless steel diaphragm valve to high purity markets around the globe.

The Pure-Flo brand has earned a reputation for innovation, quality and performance. Providing products from standard forged valves to the most innovative block technology, each and every Pure-Flo valve is engineered to the highest standards.

Whether your process is manufacturing large molecule drugs for the Biopharm industry, biofuels, cosmetics or any high purity or aseptic process, ITT will combine decades of experience with cutting edge technology and a dash of ingenuity to provide value added solutions for your processing needs.

#### Global presence ... local feel

World class manufacturing facilities and engineering resources located throughout the world allows Pure-Flo to support customers with local expertise backed up by the strength and reliability of a global corporation.

#### Partnership for success

Consistently atop the Forbes lists for best run companies, ITT is a strong, ethical company with visions and values that reflect those of our customers and our employees. By forming partnerships with our customers based on respect, responsibility and integrity your success will be our success.

Туре	Forged (2-Way)	Wrought <sup>2</sup> (Block Bodies)	Cast
Size Range	0.5-4 in. DN15–100	0.5-6 in. DN15–DN150	0.5-6 in. DN15–150
End Connections	<ul> <li>Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp<sup>®</sup></li> <li>14, 16, 18, 20 O.D. Gauge Tubing</li> <li>Schedule 5, 10, 40 Piping</li> <li>ISO Ends</li> <li>SMS 1146 Ends</li> <li>DIN 11850 Ends</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp<sup>®</sup></li> <li>14, 16, 18, 20 O.D. Gauge Tubing</li> <li>Schedule 5, 10, 40 Piping</li> <li>ISO Ends</li> <li>SMS 1146 Ends</li> <li>DIN 11850 Ends</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp<sup>®</sup></li> <li>14, 16, 18, 20 O.D. Gauge Tubing</li> <li>Schedule 5, 10, 40 Piping</li> <li>ISO Ends</li> <li>SMS 1146 Ends</li> <li>DIN 11850 Ends</li> </ul>
Material	316L Stainless Alloy Tri Certi- fied to ASTM A182 Grade 316L,S9, EN 10222-5 EN 1.4435, BN2	316L Stainless Alloy ASTM A479, A240, 316L	316L Stainless Alloy ASTM A351 Grade CF 3M
Special Alloys <sup>1</sup>		C22, C276, AL6XN	
Dimensional Standards	USOD Tubing, Pipe, ISO/DIN/ SMS	USOD Tubing, Pipe, ISO/DIN	USOD Tubing, Pipe

## **Product Details - Diaphragm Valve Bodies**

1 Other materials available upon request 2 Standard on tank bottom valves, divert valves and any block bodied fabrications.

## **Product Details - Diaphragms**

Туре	В	Р	W1	E1	TME
Material	Black Butyl Rubber	Buna N	White Butyl Rubber	EPDM <sup>1</sup>	PTFE Enhanced Backing
		Size R	ange		
0.25" (DN 8)	•			•	•
0.375" (DN 10)	•			•	•
0.5" (DN15)	•	•	•	•	•
0.75" (DN20)	•	•	•	•	•
1" (DN25	•	•	•	•	•
1.5 (DN32/40)	•	•	•	•	•
2" (DN50)	•	•	•	•	•
2.5" (DN65)	•	•	•	•	•
3" (DN80)	•	٠	•	•	•
4" (DN100)	•	•	•	•	•
6" (DN150)	٠	٠	٠		•
Temperature	-20–250°F -29–121°C	10–180°F -12–82°C	0–225°F -18–107°C	-22–302°F <sup>2</sup> -30–150°C <sup>2</sup>	-4–329°F -20–165°C
Compliance	FDA USDA	FDA USDA	FDA USDA	FDA USP	FDA USP

<sup>1</sup> For high temperature and/or high cycle applications, contact ITT.
 <sup>2</sup> Temperature range is as follows:
 -4–194°F (-20–90°C) for liquid applications
 -22–285°F (-30–140°C) for continuous steam
 -22–302°F (-30–150°C) for intermittent steam

## **Product Details - Manually Operated Topworks**

Image: service		ú.	û	8			0	
type         Bio-Pure         COP         Bio-Tek         903         913         963         970           Size Range           0.25-0.5 (DN8- 15)         •         •         •         -<								
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15)         .				Size l	Range			
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$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	BT (DN8-15)			•				
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	0.5" (DN15)				•	•	•	•
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.75" (DN20)				•	•	•	•
1.1 (N101) (D100)11111112" (DN50)1111000	1" (DN25				•	•	•	•
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	1.5 (DN32/40)				•	٠	•	•
3" (DN80)Image: Constraint of the sector of	2" (DN50)				•	•	•	•
4" (DN100)Image: Case of the set of th	2.5" (DN65)				•	•	•	
MaterialBonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- 	3" (DN80)				•	•	•	
MaterialBonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- ethersulfone (PES)Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- ethersulfone (PES)Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- ethersulfone (PES)Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Handwheel: Polyarylsul- phone (PAS)Bonnet: 316 Cast Iron coated White Epoxy or PVDFBonnet and Handwheel: 316 Stainless SteelBonnet: 316 and Hand- wheel: Glass rein- forced polya- rylsulfane (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- wheel: Glass (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- Wheel: Glass (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- wheel: Glass reinforced polyarylsulfane (PAS)Stainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- Wheel: Glass (PAS)Stainless SteelStainless Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- Wheel: Glass (PAS)Stainless SteelSteel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- wheel: Glass (PAS)Stainless SteelSteel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Bonnet: 316 and Hand- Wheel: Glass (DAS)Stainless SteelSteel Handwheel: Glass rein- (PAS)Stainless SteelStainless SteelSteel Handwheel: SteelBonnet: 316 SteelStainless SteelStainless SteelStainless SteelStainless SteelStainless Steel </td <td>4" (DN100)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td>•</td> <td></td>	4" (DN100)				•	•	•	
Maximum Service Pressure         150 psi 10.34 bar         150 psi 12.1 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 12.1 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.3 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 12.1 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.34 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 12.1 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.3 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.3 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.3 bar         1.5-2": 175 psig 10.3 bar         1.5-2":	Material	Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- ethersulfone	Stainless Steel Hand- wheel: Poly- ethersulfone	Stainless Steel Handwheel: Polyarylsul-	coated White Epoxy or	Handwheel: 316 Stainless	and Hand- wheel: Glass reinforced polyarylsulfane	Stainles Steel Handwheel: Glass rein- forced polya- rylsulfane
Service Pressure         150 psi 10.34 bar         150 psi 12.1 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar         150 psig 10.34 bar         150 psig 12.1 bar           Maximum Service Temperature         220°F (104°C)         220°F (104°C)         See page D-10         See page D-10         300°F (149°C)         See page D-10         300°F (149°C)         See page D-10           Autoclavable         Yes         Yes         No         No         Yes         Yes					200 psig	200 psig		200 psig
Maximum Service Temperature220°F (104°C)220°F (104°C) (104°C)See page D-10See page D-10300°F (149°C)See page D-10AutoclavableYesYesYesNoNoYesYes	Service				175 psig	175 psig		
Service Temperature220°F (104°C)220°F (104°C)See page D-10See page D-10See page D-10300°F (149°C)See page D-10AutoclavableYesYesYesNoNoYesYes			1		3-4":	3-4":		
					150 psig			
Sealed Option No No Yes Yes Yes Yes No	Service			220°F (104°C)	150 psig 10.3 bar See page	10.3 bar See page	300°F (149°C)	See page
	Service Temperature	(104°C)	(104°C)		150 psig 10.3 bar See page D-10	10.3 bar See page D-10		See page D-10

## **Product Details - Pneumatic Actuators**

Туре	Advantage Excel - Series S	Advantage Excel - Series S	Advantage 2.0 and Advantage	Advantage Actuator Series 47	Advantage Actuator Series 33	Advantage Piston Actua- tor (APA)	Dia-Flo Actuator
	Series S	Series S	Actuator		Series 55		<u> </u>
BP - 0.25-0.5			Size I	Range			
(DN8-15)	•						
BT - 0.25-0.5 (DN8-15)			•				
0.5" (DN15)		•	•			٠	•
0.75" (DN20)		•	•			٠	•
1" (DN25		•	•			•	•
1.5 (DN32/40)		•	•			٠	•
2" (DN50)		•	•			٠	•
2.5" (DN65)				•	٠		•
3" (DN80)				•	٠		•
4" (DN100)				•	٠		•
Material	316 Stainless Steel	316 Stainless Steel	Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Cylinder Cover: Glass reinforced polyarylsul- fane (PAS)	Bonnet: Nylon coated ductile iron Cylinder Cov- er: Vinyl-Ester Thermoset	Bonnet: Nylon coated ductile iron Cylinder Cov- er: Vinyl-Ester Thermoset	Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel Cylinder Cover: Poly- butylene terephthalate (PBT)	Bonnet: Duc- tile iron Cylinder Cover: Alumi- num
Maximum Service Pressure	150 psig 10.34 bar	150 psig 10.34 bar	150 psig 10.34 bar	150 psig 10.34 bar	150 psig 10.34 bar	150 psig 10.34 bar	See Dia-Flo Catalog
Maximum Service Temperature	300°F (149°C)	300°F (149°C)	300°F (149°C)	300°F (149°C)	300°F (149°C)	292°F (145°C)	
Autoclavable	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	No	No
Sealed Option	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes

## **Product Details - Automation**

Туре	VSP	SP2	SP3	Positioner
		Size Range		
0.25" (DN 8)	•	•	•	
0.375" (DN 10)	•	•	•	
0.5" (DN15)	•	•	•	
0.75" (DN20)	•	•	•	•
1" (DN25	•	•	•	•
1.5 (DN32/40)	•	•	•	•
2" (DN50)	•	•	•	•
2.5" (DN65)		•		•
3" (DN80)		•		•
4" (DN100)		•		•
Cover Material	Polysulfone, FDA compliant	Polyarylsulfone (PAS) Thermoplastic FDA compliant (Transpar- ent Plastic)	Polysulfone, FDA compliant	Aluminum Brass Stainless Steel
Base Housing Material	Polyamide, FDA com- pliant	Polyarylsulfone (PAS) Thermoplastic FDA compliant. (Black Plastic)	Polyamide, FDA compliant	Aluminum Brass Stainless Steel
Temperature Rating	140°F (60°C)	150°F (65°C)	140°F (60°C)	150°F (65°C)
Autoclavable	No	No	No	No
Electric Con- nection	One M20 conduit port (1/2" NPT adapter available).	Two 1/2" NPT conduit ports	One 1/2" NPT conduit port	N/A
Rotation	360°	Increments of 45°	360°	
Mechanics	Proximity and Me- chanical Switches	Proximity and Me- chanical Switches	Proximity and Me- chanical Switches	Proportioned valve control
Approvals	FM / CSA / Cenelec Zones 0, 1, 2 / UL	FM / CSA / Cenelec Zones 0, 1, 2 / UL	FM / CSA / Cenelec Zones 0, 1, 2 / UL	

## **Product Details - Control**

Туре	Solenoid	Transducer	Network Block
		Size Range	
0.25" (DN 8)	•	•	•
0.375" (DN 10)	•	•	•
0.5" (DN15)	•	•	•
0.75" (DN20)	•	•	•
1" (DN25	•	•	•
1.5 (DN32/40)	•	•	•
2" (DN50)	•	•	•
2.5" (DN65)	•	•	•
3" (DN80)	•	•	•
4" (DN100)	•	•	•
Cover Material		Aluminum	
Base Housing Material	Brass Polyamide Stainless	Aluminum	Glass filled nylon
Temperature Rating	-10-100°C	-40-160°F	-40-70°C
Autoclavable	No	No	No
Electric Con- nection	DIN 43650		
Protection	IP65		IP65

### Introduction

ITT Pure-Flo has developed a line of valve bodies that help address the needs of the Bioprocessing and Pharmaceutical industries for high quality, welded process systems.

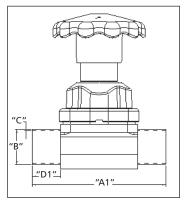
By providing valve bodies with controlled sulfur 316L/1.4435 stainless steel material and weld tangents long enough to accept the most common orbital weld heads in the industry, we have eliminated two of the most common concerns in valve-to-tube welding known today. Automatic welding of 316L process components is greatly affected by the sulfur content of the mating process components. A disparity of sulfur content can result in reduced orbital weld quality and potentially incomplete fusion of the mating components. By controlling valve body sulfur content to the same chemistry as that required for ASME BPE fittings, welding problems due to material chemistry differences will be greatly reduced.

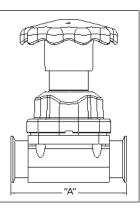


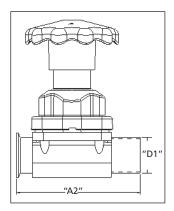
<b>316L Sulfur Controlled Chemistry per ASME</b>
BPE Table DT-3

Element	% (316L)			
Carbon (C)	0.035 max			
Chromium (Cr)	16.00 - 18.00			
Manganese (Mn)	2.00 max			
Molybdenum (Mo)	2.00 - 3.00			
Nickel (Ni)	10.00 - 15.00			
Phosphorous (P)	0.045 max			
Silicon (Si)	0.75 max			
Sulfur (S)	0.005-0.017			

## **Body Dimension Charts**







#### **Body Dimension Charts US & SMS**

USOD (ANSI) Forgings & Castings									SN	/IS	
В		А	A1	D1	A2		с			В	с
End Connect	ion Size	Overall Length <sup>1</sup>	Overall Length	Weld Tan- gent	Overall Length	20 GA. 0.035″	18 GA. 0.049"	16 GA. 0.065″	14 GA. 0.083″		
IN	DN	Tri Clamp	Extended BW Forging	Extended BW Forging	TC x BW	Extended BW Forging	Extended BW Forging ASME BPE	Extended BW Forging	Extended BW Forging ASME BPE	BW Fc	orging
				l	Forgings				_		
BP/BT 0.25"	DN8	2.5" (64) <sup>2</sup>	3.5" (89)	1 (25)	3.0	S	0				
BP/BT 0.375"	DN10	2.5" (64) <sup>2</sup>	3.5" (89)	1 (25)	3.0	S	0				
BP/BT 0.5"	DN15	2.5″ (64)²	3.5" (89)	1 (25)	3.0		0	S			
0.5″	DN15	3.5" (89)	5.06"(128)	1.5" (38)	4.28	0	0	S	0		
0.75″	DN20	4" (102)	5.5" (140)	1.5" (38)	4.75	0	0	S	0		
1″	DN25	4.5" (114)	5.93" (156)	1.5" (38)	5.22		0	S	0	(25)	(1,2)
1.5″	DN40	5.5" (140)	6.8" (173)	1.5" (38)	6.15		0	S	0	(38)	(1,2)
2″	DN50	6.25" (159)	7.42" (188)	1.5" (38)	6.84			S	0	(51)	(1,2)
2.5"3	DN65	8.75" (222)	10" (254)	1.75" (44,5)	9.38			S		(63,5)	(1,6)
3″	DN80	8.75" (222)	10" (254)	1.75" (44,5)	9.38			S	0	(76,1)	(2)
4″	DN100	11.5" (292)	13" (330)	2.0" (51)	12.25			0	S		
					Castings						
0.5″	DN15	3.5" (89)	N/A	N/A	3.5" (89)	0	0	S	0		
0.75″	DN20	4" (102)	N/A	N/A	4" (102)	0	0	S	0		
1″	DN25	4.5" (114)	N/A	N/A	4.5" (114)		0	S	0	(25)	(1,2)
1.5″	DN40	5.5" (140)	N/A	N/A	5.5" (140)		0	S	0	(38)	(1,2)
2″	DN50	6.25" (159)	N/A	N/A	6.25" (159)			S	0	(51)	(1,2)
2.5″	DN65	7.62" (194)	N/A	N/A	7.62" (194)			S	0	(63,5)	(1,6)
3″	DN80	8.75" (222)	N/A	N/A	8.75" (222)			S	0	(76,1)	(2)
4″	DN100	11.5" (292)	N/A	N/A	11.5" (292)			0	S		

 $^1$  For 2.5" overall length does not comply with ASME BPE dimensions  $^2$  BT TC x BW and TC x TC bodies are 2.5" (64) overall length with 0.5" (13) tangent

<sup>3</sup> 2.5" size uses 3" topworks

Note: Extended Weld Tangents are available only with USOD (ANSI) end connections.

Dimensions in ( ) are mm

S = Standard, O = Optional, BT = Bio-Tek Body, BP = Bio-Pure

## **Body Dimension Charts**

### **ISO/DIN Forgings**

				ISO								DIN Se	eries 1	DIN Se	eries 2	DIN Se	eries 3
End Connec-	Topworks	Α	D	В				С				В	с	В	с	В	с
tion Size	Size	mm	mm	mm	1	1,2	1,6	2	2,3	2,6	2,9	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm	mm
DN6	Bio-Tek	891	25 <sup>1</sup>	8	S	0						8	1				
DN8	Bio-Tek	89 <sup>1</sup>	25 <sup>1</sup>	13,5	0		S	0				10	1				
DN10	Bio-Tek	891	25 <sup>1</sup>	17,2	0		S	0				12	1	13	1,5	14	2
DN15	0.5″	106	25	21,3			S	0				18	1	19	1,5	20	2
DN20	0.75″	118	25	26,9			S	0				22	1	23	1,5	24	2
DN25	1″	127	25	33,7			0	S				28	1	29	1,5	30	2
DN32	1.5″	174	35	42,4			0	S				34	1	35	1,5	36	2
DN40	1.5″	174	35	48,3			0	S				40	1	41	1,5	42	2
DN50	2″	191	35	60,3				S	0	0	Cast Only	52	1	53	1,5	54	2
DN65	3″	254	44.5	76,1				0	S	0		70	2				
DN80	3″	254	44.5	88,9					S	0		85	2				
DN100	4″	330	51	114,3					S	0		104	2				

 $^{\rm 1}$  BT TC x BW and TC x TC bodies are 64 mm overall length with 13 mm tangent Note: All measurements are mm unless otherwise noted. S = Standard, O = Optional

#### Benefits of the new Pure-Flo Body:

- No welded tube extensions required for most welding equipment
- Less over-all valve body length compared to welded tube extensions
- Fewer welds in the process system
- Less validation paperwork due to fewer material certifications
- Higher quality field welds
- No narrow or off-set weld heads required. All these benefits add up to lower installation costs and improved production schedules.

#### **End Connections**

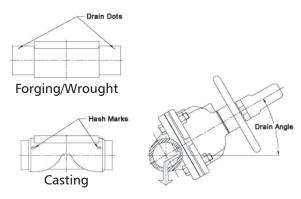
Pure-Flo Diaphragm Valve bodies are available in a variety of end connections:

- Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp®
- 14, 16, 18, 20 O.D. Gauge Tubing
- Schedule 5, 10, 40 Piping
- ISO Ends
- SMS 1146 Ends
- DIN 11850 Ends

#### **Drainability**

Pure-Flo diaphragm valves may be installed in vertical or horizontal lines as required. Drain marks are provided as standard on cast and forged bodies to facilitate installation and optimize drainability. One mark must be located in the vertical plane, cutting the centerline of the pipe.

The slope of process piping must be designed to provide proper pitch in order to optimize drainability. Drainability in a process system is ultimately the responsibility of the system designer end user.



Note: Wrought bodies are machined from bar stock.

#### Weld Installation

Bio-Pure and Bio-Tek valves, 1/4"–1/2" (DN 8–15) and ISO End valves have minimum 1" (25 mm) cutbacks<sup>1</sup> and generally do not require tube extensions for standard TIG orbital welding equipment.

Pure-Flo valves, 0.5–6" (DN15–150) have ASME BPE fitting compatible outbacks and generally can be welded without disassembly using most standard TIG orbital welding equipment.<sup>1</sup>

#### **Drain Angles**

Valve	Size	Fo	rging		Investment Casting		
Inch	DN	ANSI⁵	ISO	DIN	ANSI	ISO	
0.25 <sup>1</sup>	8 <sup>1</sup>	30°2	20°	20°	N/A	N/A	
0.375 <sup>1</sup>	10 <sup>1</sup>	30°2	20°	20°	N/A	N/A	
0.50 <sup>1</sup>	15 <sup>1</sup>	30°2	20°	20°	N/A	N/A	
0.50	15	30°	13°	16°	30°	17°	
0.75	20	30°	21°	25°	30°	18°	
1.00	25	30°	22°	26°	31°	20°	
1.25	32	N/A	22°	25°	N/A	28°	
1.50	40	28°	17°	22°	30°	20°	
2.00	50	23°	16°	19°	25°	19°	
2.50	65	26°3	23°	23°	19°	N/A	
3.00	80	20°	14°	18°	25°	N/A	
4.00	1004	16°	11°	14°	20°	N/A	
6.00	150	N/A	N/A	N/A	20°	N/A	

<sup>1</sup> Bio-Pure and Bio-Tek sizes.

<sup>2</sup> Bodies manufactured prior to 2010 have a 20° drain angle for the Bio-Tek buttweld bodies with 1" (25.4 mm) cutbacks and a 30° drain angle for Bio-Tek TC bodies. Consult engineering drawings for drain angles on Bio-Tek fabrications. Bio-Pure and Bio-Tek forgings have been standardized on 30° draing angle regardless of body type.

<sup>3</sup> 3" forged body with 2.5" end connection.

- <sup>4</sup> DN 100 bodies to DIN/ISO dimensions are wrought.
- <sup>5</sup> Forging drain angles apply to all end connections.

Note: As a rule of thumb drain angle tolerances of  $+/-2^{\circ}$  will assure optimal drainability. Consult Pure-Flo product engineering for specific drain angle tolerances.

## **Manufacturing Methods**

#### Ferrite

The selection of process components in the Pharmaceutical/Bioprocessing Industry, especially in cell culture applications, demonstrates a distinct movement toward lower ferrite materials. However, in many applications the use of higher ferrite content components may have no effect on the product, service life, or performance of the component and the inherent cost of the component is reduced. The nature of the process, utility protocols (i.e. passivation, cleaning, sterilization, fabrication), as well as additional surface preparation of the material such as electropolishing, will impact the extent of the components corrosion resistance. ITT provides customers a choice in body types based on the needs and requirements of the customers process application.

Ferrite can be defined as the ferromagnetic, body-centered, microstructural constituent of variable chemical composition in ironchromium-nickel alloys. This may be formed upon solidification from molten metal (delta ferrite) or by transformation from austenite or sigma phase on cooling in the solid state (alpha ferrite). The formation of ferrite is therefore a natural occurrence in stainless alloy products. Ferrite levels can be determined utilizing several techniques including chemical analysis, metalographic examination and magnetic attraction. As one can see from the below comparisons, ferrite is depleted as the material is worked, i.e. castings having the highest content and forgings having the lowest. Free delta ferrite contained in components in a process system may or may not be of concern to the end user.

#### Metallurgy

ITT Pure-Flo customers have a choice of valve body types based on the needs and requirements of the process application. Pure-Flo standard body material for forged bodies is 316L,1.4435 sulfur controlled to ASME BPE Table DT-3.

Wrought bodies are available in 316L,1.4435 or other special materials. Biopharmaceutical ap-

plications may require special alloys or materials to provide a desired performance. Consult a Pure-Flo representative for availability and application information.

All valve bodies are fully material heat traceable to EN 10204 3.1B. Certified Mill Test Reports are provided as standard.

## **Manufacturing Methods (cont.)**

#### Forged

Pure-Flo bodies are produced from round stock or plate which has been processed from an ingot. The round stock or plate is compressed between two halves of a forging tool at elevated temperatures. The result is a shape which is then machined to create the shape required. Machining required is more extensive than a casting. Ferrite content for the ANSI Pure-Flo and ISO/DIN forged product lines is 0.5%.

#### Wrought

The tank bottom valves, divert valves and block body fabrications are produced from wrought material. Wrought material is worked material such as plate or round stock. Rather than forging a shape between two halves of a tool, as in the case of a forged body, the shape required is machined directly from wrought material. Ferrite content in wrought material may vary depending primarily on the metallurgy of the material used.





#### Cast

Pure-Flo bodies are produced utilizing the lost wax or investment cast method. A wax impression is created for the shape required. The wax impression is dipped or sprayed with ceramic material and then fired in a kiln. The wax evaporates leaving behind a hard ceramic shell into which molten material is poured. The solidification of molten metal may cause sub-surface porosity, which varies in occurrence depending on casting techniques, machining and interior finish specifications. The result is a product complete with flow path, bolt holes, drain marks and body identification marks cast into the required shape. Machining is, therefore, minimal. Pure-Flo castings go through a rigorous qualification program to ensure the highest attainable quality is achieved. The levels of porosity are the absolute minimum possible.



Diaphragm Valve Bodies

## Surface Finish

Pure-Flo valve bodies are available in a complete range of mechanically polished and electropolished internal surface finishes to satisfy system design requirements. Pure-Flo valves are available in a complete range of ASME BPE compliant internal surface finishes.

ITT Pure-Flo provides a complete range of both internal and external electropolish options. Electropolish surface finishing creates a superior surface finish for biopharmaceutical applications. Electopolishing improves corrosion resistance, removes inclusions and contaminants, and improves the over-all surface for cleaning and sterilization.

#### Mechanical Polish Surface Finish (Interior Only)

Code	Non-EU Service Microinch Max	EU Service Micron Max		
0	No Mechanical Polish	No Mechanical Polish		
2	35 Ra	0.8 Ra		
6	25 Ra	0.6 Ra		
8	20 Ra	0.5 Ra		
7	15 Ra	0.38 Ra		
9	11 Ra	0.28 Ra		
10	10 Ra	0.25 Ra		

#### Electropolish Surface Finish (Interior & Exterior)

Code	Surface Finish
0	No Electropolish
2	Exterior Electropolish only
3	Both Interior and Exterior Electropolish
4	Interior Electropolish only

#### Surface Finishes per ASME BPE

Mechanical Polished Surface Finish (Interior Only)

Code	R <sub>a</sub> , MAX		
Code	μ-in	μm	
SF1	20	0.51	
SF2	25	0.64	
SF3	30	0.76	

Mechanical Polished & Electropolished Surface Finish (Interior Only)

Code	R <sub>a</sub> , MAX		
Code	μ-in	μm	
SF4	15	0.38	
SF5	20	0.51	
SF6	25	0.64	

General Notes:

1. All Ra readings are taken across the lay, wherever possible.

2. No single Ra reading shall exceed the Ra max. value in this table.

3. Other Ra readings are available if agreed upon between owner/user and manufacturer, not to exceed values in this table.

## **Electropolishing**

Electropolishing is the electrochemical method of removing metal from a surface. Formally, electropolishing is defined as anodic dissolution in the presence of an electrolyte and an imposed current potential.

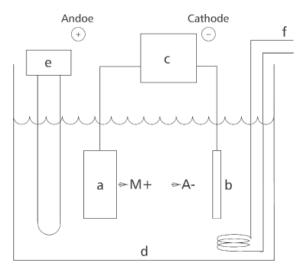
The inherent benefits derived from electropolishing are as follows:

- Provides a continuous, tenacious, chromiumrich oxide layer on the surface resulting in an excellent passive film enhancing corrosion resistance
- Surface leveling reduces the total surface height and relieves much of the surface tension inherent in mechanical polishing
- Enhances the optimization of cleanability and sterilization

- Provides a quality control mechanism exposing surface pits and defective welds
- Exposes and removes impurities within the surface layer
- Provides a lusterous, aesthetically pleasing appearance

For the reasons mentioned, the use of electropolishing over a mechanically polished surface is becoming more prevalent on the surfaces of system components in critical pharmaceutical and bioprocessing applications. The Pure-Flo product line is available with electropolished interior and exterior surfaces, sizes 0.25–6" (DN 8–150).

#### Diagram of a Typical Electropolising Cell



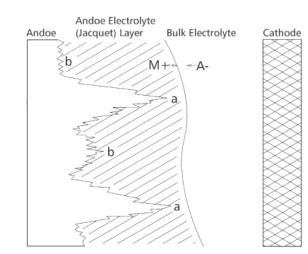
Legend

a Anode

b Cathode

- c Power Source
- d Electrolyte
- e Heater and Temperature Regulator
- f Cooling Coil
- M+ Metal Ion
- A– Anion





Legend

a Region of Macropolishing b Region of Micropolishing M+ Metal Ion A- Anion

### Marking

Pure-Flo valve bodies are marked directly on the valve body, typically on the bottom of the valve or underside of the bonnet flange. Additional information such as customer tag number is available upon request.

#### Validation

ITT Pure-Flo provides critical validation information to meet the needs of the Pharmaceutical and Bioprocessing industries.

#### **Certified Mill Tests Reports**

All Pure-Flo Valve bodies contain a heat number traceable per EN 10204 3.1. Certified Mill Test Reports (CMTRS) are provided as standard on all Pure-Flo valves.

#### **Certificate of Compliance to Specifications**

A Certificate of Compliance to customer specification is provided as a standard on all Pure-Flo valves.

• Certification of compliance to CFR Title #21 section 177

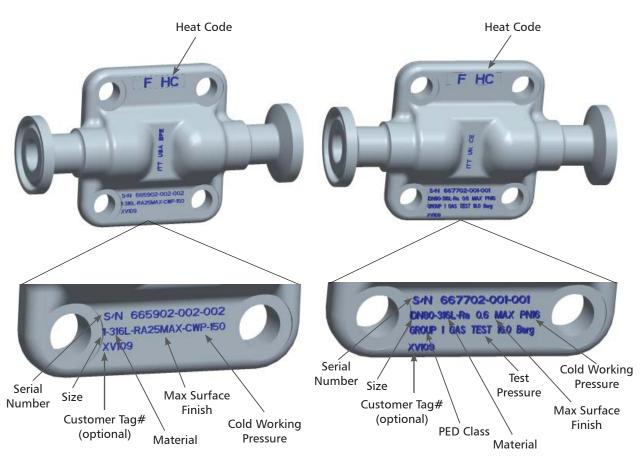
• Certification to USP Class VI compliance and/ or physical testing document

Additional Validation information available on request

• Interior Surface Characterization documentation

- Quality assurance manual
- ISO 9001 certification
- Certification of testing to MSS-SP-88

#### European Union Service Marking



Pure-Flo valves comply with the European Union (EU) Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) 97/23/EC Category 1. Valve bodies are CE marked per the 97/23/EC when EU service is requested.

#### **Standard Marking**

### **Process Fabrications**

Process fabrications consist of multiple 2-way valves ported in various ways to fit the application. The intent is to reduce hold up volume and improve drainability versus using standard valves and fittings. Process fabrications minimize the distance between valves improving cleanability and reducing risk of contamination. Fabrications are utilized when hold up volumes are a consideration but not critical. Many process fabrication combinations can comply with the cGMP requirements.

There are three styles of standard two valve fabrications:

#### **GMP Option:**

The GMP fabrication is typically oriented in the vertical position. The design is utilized to reduce dead legs on point-of-use outlets in a typical WFI distribution loop.

#### **Sterile Access Option:**

The Sterile Access orientation is designed for use when the orientation of the main valve is horizontal and the secondary or purge valve or outlet is in the vertical position. The main valve is ported at the low point of the main valve waterway to achieve optimum drainability when the main valve is on its drain angle.

#### **Horizontal Sterile Access Option:**

The Horizontal Sterile Access orientation is similar in configuration to the Sterile Access configuration, but is employed when both the main valve and secondary valve have horizontal orientation.

#### **Typical Applications:**

Sampling, steam condensate drain, divert port, and block and bleed.

#### Size Range

0.25–6" (DN8–150) main valve 0.25–6" (DN8–150) purge valve

#### **Body Material**

316L Stainless Steel wrought, ASTM A479 316L Stainless Steel Forging, ASTM A-182 Other materials available upon request

#### **End Connections**

- Buttweld:
  - 14, 16, 18, 20 Gauge O.D. Tubing
  - Schedule 5, 10, and 40 Pipe
  - DIN/ISO Ends

Hygienic clamp ends:

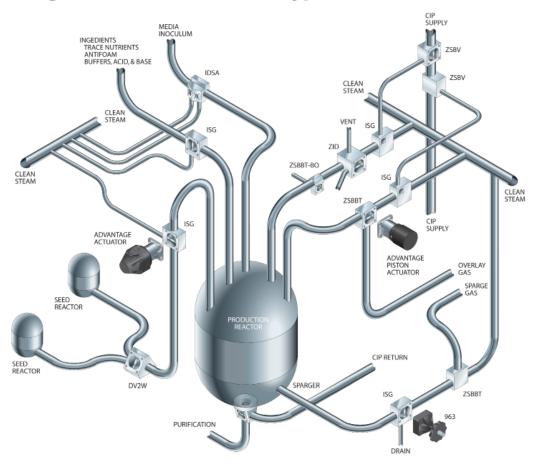


### **Integrated Block Valves**

The Pure-Flo IBV - Integrated Block Valve product line is constantly changing to meet the rigorous demands of the Biopharmaceutical processing industry. An extensive array of innovative integrated block valves specifically designed to achieve the utmost in process efficiency. Pure-Flo developed the first integrated block body diaphragm valves over 30 years ago. We have a history of listening to customers and industry needs to develop valve solutions for the toughest applications.

Biopharm processes are complex and sensitive to system and environmental factors. Drug purity and process yield is greatly affected by system design. Integrated block valves can play a substantial role in developing a robust high yield process. Many valve solutions can produce acceptable results, but Pure-Flo integrated block valve technology can make a marginal process better and a good process great. Integrated block technology is a cost effective means of reducing total cost of ownership. By optimizing drainability, hold-up volume, deadlegs and cleanability, block technology can decrease cleaning cycle times and increase process efficiency. Combining multiple valves into a single valve body can substantially reduce total installation and validation costs. Efficient designs pay for themselves over and over again.

Utilizing powerful 3D modeling software we can create almost any valve configuration imaginable. Working hand in hand our engineers will develop the valve configuration that fit your needs to a "T".



## **Integrated Block Valves in a Typical Bioreactor Process**

Integrated Block Valves

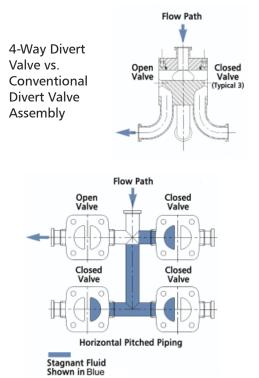
## **Drainability and Hold Up Volume**

ITT Pure-Flo hygienic weir style diaphragm valves have become the most important control element of process piping systems utilized in the Pharmaceutical and Bioprocessing industries. The weir style diaphragm valve has become the standard due to its unique ability to provide maximum drainability and minimized product hold up volumes.

Integral Block technology further improves drainability and minimizes hold up volumes by reducing the process pipe volume between control elements.

Utilizing the unique characteristics of the weir style diaphragm valve, valve manufacturers have helped develop many process fabrications that have reduced product contact surfaces, reduced hold up volumes, and minimized piping dead-legs. The theory is that as contact surfaces are minimized, and hold-up volume are reduced in a process piping system, product yields and product purity will be improved.

In the not so distant past, typical process fabrications were produced by welding of standard forged valve bodies in configurations designed specifically for certain applications and orientations. This fabrication has served the industry well, but has limitations. In many instances the dead leg between the two can fall outside FDA expectations.



## Deadlegs

The FDA Guidelines for High Purity Water Systems has "defined dead legs as not having an unused portion greater in length than six diameters of the unused pipe, measured from the axis of the pipe in use. It should be pointed out that this was developed for hot (75-80° C) circulating systems. With colder systems (68-75° C) any drop or unused portion of any length of piping should be eliminated if possible, or have special sanitizing procedures". In case where process piping falls outside of FDA expectations, as noted from the High Purity Water Guide reference above, the owner of the system is expected to have special sanitizing procedures. These special sanitizing procedures can be costly in production time and processing cost and should be avoided whenever possible

## **Current Good Manufacturing Practice (cGMP)**

The cGMP regulation is a total quality concept applicable to processes and associated operations that assure the desired quality product. cGMP compliance, like quality, is fundamental and must be designed and built in from the earliest stages of a drug production project.

Drug manufacturers are required to maintain current Good Manufacturing Practices. This means that manufacturers must stay current with:

- New Technology
- New Methodology
- New Thinking
- New Requirements
- New Trends

One of the most critical factors in the production of drugs is the ability to clean and validate the drug production process. cGMPs require that processing equipment be designed to be cleaned and sterilized to minimize the potential for contamination, assuring the purity of the end drug product.

Hygienic weir style diaphragm valves have become the most important control element of process piping systems utilized in the Pharmaceutical and Bioprocessing industries, due to their unique ability to provide drainability with minimized product entrapment areas. Integrated block valve designs take these characteristics to an even higher level.

## **Block Valves: Total Cost of Ownership**

Total cost of ownership for a process system can not be calculated by material costs alone. Installation and ongoing operational costs should be taken into account when making any component purchasing decision. In many cases the cost of integrated block valves are greatly offset by reductions in installation costs, space requirements and improvements in operational efficiency. Integrated Block Valves can improve production efficiencies by:

- Minimizing internal valve volume
- Minimizing hold up
- Minimizing dead-legs
- Reducing CIP cycle times
- Increasing product purity
- Reducing qualification and validation efforts

Integrated Block Valves also reduce:

- Installation time and cost
- Expensive field welds
- Process piping footprint

### 6D Rule vs. ASME BPE L/D

#### Dead-legs - What ever happened to 6D?

Basically, a "dead-leg" is defined as a one-way water system. Dead-legs result in process systems that are difficult to clean. The FDA reference document "Guide to Inspections of High Purity Water Systems" indicates that dead-legs for hot (75-80° C) circulating water systems (self sanitizing) shall be no greater than 6 diameters of the unused pipe, measured from the axis of the pipe in use. Colder water systems (65-75° C) are not self sanitizing and therefore should eliminate dead-legs, if possible, or have special sanitizing procedures in place.

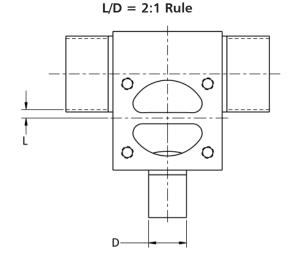
This 6D requirement has been the basic standard for many years when designing high purity water systems. Due to the method of measurement however, 6D as defined was not truly representative of what dead-leg characteristics are critical to designing a cleanable process piping system. Defining a dead-leg from the axis of the main pipe simply does not address the characteristics that affect the ability to clean and sanitize the dead-leg in question.

#### ASME BPE L/D = 2:1

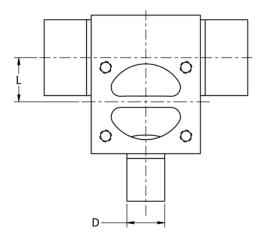
The Bioprocessing industry has found that 6D piping standards are not sufficient to assure optimal clean-able and sterilizeable process systems. The sensitive nature of the production processes and the substantial value of the end product have required the industry to develop even more stringent requirements in critical systems. In 1997 the American Society of Mechanical Engineers (ASME) addressed this need by creating the ASME Bioprocessing Equipment Standard. The ASME BPE standard suggests that high purity water, clean steam systems and bioprocessing systems such as fermentation, purification and filtration systems can be designed to meet an L/D ratio of 2:1. L is defined as the Length of the dead-leg extension measured from the ID wall normal to the flow pattern. D is the nominal size dimension of the extension of a valve or instrument.

The ASME BPE standard states that the L/D ratio of 2:1 should be considered a target, not an absolute requirement, but the system designer/ manufacturer should make every attempt to eliminate system dead-legs, and identify where exceptions exist.

Since the L/D ratio of 2:1 is a target, the system designer must make the determination of what L/D ratio is warranted for a particular system or project. In many cases L/D ratios of 2:1, 3:1 or sometimes 4:1 are utilized.

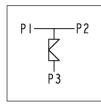


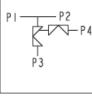
6D Rule

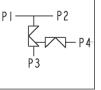


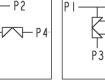
## **P&ID Cross Reference**

**Zero Static Use Points** 









P2 - P 4 P3---P5 Λ Zero Static with

ΡΙ Zero Static Block

Ρ2

Zero Static Block Body Code: ZSBB

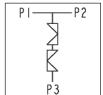
Zero Static Back to Back Sample Code: ZSBBS

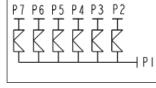
Zero Static with **Downstream Purge** Code: ZDP

Body with Vertical Upstream Sample and Downstream Run Purge Code: ZUD Code: ZSBV

Ρ3

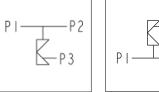
P 2





Zero Static Dual Inline Code: ZDI

Zero Static In-Line (ZID)



Zero Static Block Body with Back Outlet Option (ZSBBT-BO)

#### **Divert and Sterile Access Valves**



Divert Valve

Code: DV2W

2-Way



3-Way Divert Valve

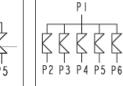
Code: DV3W

P2 P3 P4 P5

ΡI

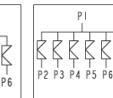
4-Way Divert Valve

Code: DV4W

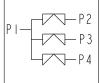


5-Way Divert Valve

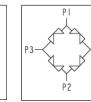
Code: DV5W



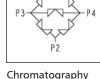
6-Way Divert Valve Code: DV6W



Horizontal Divert Valve 3-Way Code: HDV3W



Chromatography without Bypass Code: CHN

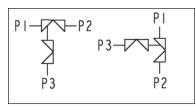


ΡI

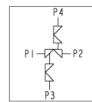
Chromatography with Bypass Code: CHRO

## **P&ID Cross Reference**

#### **Divert and Sterile Access Valves (cont.)**



Integral Sterile Access and GMP (Left) Code: ISG



Integrated Block Valves

Integrated Dual Sterile Access Code: IDSA



Sterile Access Code: IDSA



Integrated Dual

PI-

Code: ISG

-Г ŀ

Integrated Dual Sterile Access Code: IDSA



Ρ2

-P3

σ

-P2

Integral Sterile Access and GMP (Right)

P2

Integrated Dual **Sterile Access** Code: IDSA

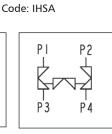
ΡI -17 7 -17 √− P2

P 3

P4

Sterile Barrier

Code: SB1



P 3

Integral Horizontal

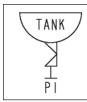
Sterile Access

P2

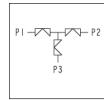
ΡI

Code: CRO/CROD

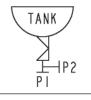
#### **Vessel Valves**



Tank Bottom Valve Code: TBV



Block & Bleed Code: BBD



Tank Bottom Valve with CIP/SIP Port Code: TBV

Ρ3

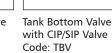
7 P 2

-17

ΡI 

Block & Bleed

Code: BBV



P5 H

P81

P6

TANK

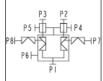
PI

with CIP/SIP Valve

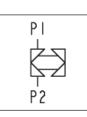


-IP2

Sterile Filter Shunt Valve Code: DV2WS



Sterile Filter Shunt Valve with Condensate Drain Valves Code: DV2WS



Bypass or Dual Flow Code: BYP or DF

Crossover

P4 7-Ρ2

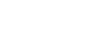
D

P 3

Block & Bleed with

Vent Port

Code: BBD



Zero Static use points are some of the most critical valves utilized in the Biopharmaceutical industry. Use point valves allow process fluids to be transferred, sampled, drained or diverted with minimal impact on critical systems such as WFI and purified water.





Non-Faceted Zero Static Tee

#### Zero Static Tee (ZSBBT, ZSBT)

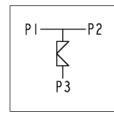
The new E-Series non-faceted zero static tee maintains the essential functional characteristics of the original zero static valve design while improving the cost effectiveness of block body assemblies. The E-Series design features minimized exterior body machining, minimizing overall valve costs without affecting valve performance.

#### **Typical Applications:**

- Point-of-use valves
- Piping Branch valves

Flow Path





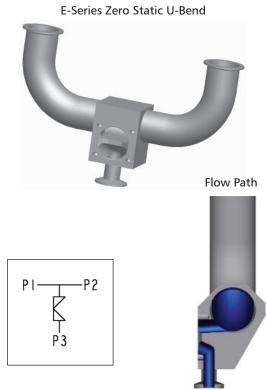
#### Zero Static U-Bend (ZSBBVV, ZSBBHV, EZSBVV, EZSBHV)

Zero Static use points are some of the most critical valves utilized in the Biopharmaceutical industry. Use point valves allow process fluids to be transferred, sampled, drained or diverted with minimal impact on critical systems such as WFI and purified water.

The new E-Series zero static u-bend maintains the essential functional characteristics of the original zero static valve design while improving the cost effectiveness of block body assemblies. The E-Series design features minimized exterior body machining, minimizing overall valve costs without affecting valve performance. The design also utilizes ASME autoweld elbow fittings, resulting in an increased u-bend centerline dimension as compared to the original zero static valve design. E-Series u-bend welds are left in the as-welded condition. Outlet fitting welds are polished to valve surface finish requirements.

#### **Typical Applications:**

- Point-of-use valves
- Piping branch valves



#### Zero Static Back to Back Sample (ZSBBS)

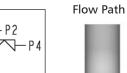
The ZSBBS process fabrication is a modification of a standard Zero Static Tee. An integral valve located on the back of the valve assembly provides access to a sample port upstream of the Zero Static Tee weir. This sample port is utilized to take samples of the main process flow. The sample valve typically utilizes a .5" Bio-Tek or Pure-Flo valve.

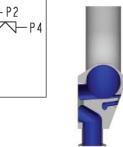
The integral sample valve greatly reduces contact surfaces, hold up volume and possible deadlegs as compared to sample valves that are welded to the exterior of a standard Zero Static valve. The ZSBBS is an essential element of piping systems required to meet demanding L/D ratios suggested by the ASME BPE standard.

#### **Typical Applications:**

• Use point where sampling of loop water is required prior to opening main valve.





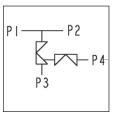




Patent # 6,397,887

Flow Path





#### Zero Static Downstream Purge (ZDP)

The ZDP process fabrication is a modification of a standard Zero Static valve. An integral valve located on the back of the valve assembly provides access to a purge port downstream of the ZSBB weir. This purge can be utilized for a multitude of process and utility applications including steam, CIP solution or as a gas purge. The down stream integral purge valve typically utilizes a .5" Pure-Flo valve bonnet assembly. The integral purge valve greatly reduces contact surfaces, hold up volume and possible deadlegs as compared to purge valves that are welded to the exterior of a standard zero static valve. The ZDP is an essential element of piping systems required to meet demanding L/D ratios suggested by the ASME BPE standard.

#### **Typical Applications:**

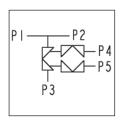
 Use point applications where cleaning (CIP), steam sterilization, and blow down of the downstream is required.

#### Zero Static with Upstream Sample and Downstream Purge (ZUD)

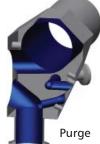
The Zero Static Upstream Sample and Downstream Purge valve allows for point of use sampling of the upstream flow, purging and sterilization of the downstream process, and sampling from the same Zero Static valve.

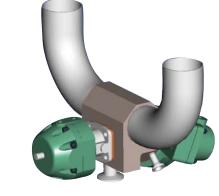
#### **Typical Applications:**

• A single use point with multiple outlets for purging and steam sterilization of the downstream line and sampling of the upstream line



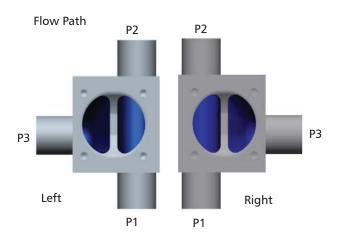
Flow Path











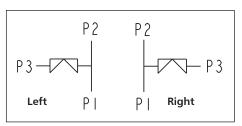
#### Zero Static Block Body with Vertical Run (ZSBV)

Zero Static use points are some of the most critical valves utilized in the Biopharmaceutical industry. Use point valves allow process fluids to be transferred, sampled, drained or diverted with minimal impact on critical systems such as WFI and purified water.

Standard Zero Static valves are limited to horizontal main runs by vertical outlet orientations. The ZSBV greatly expands the use of the Zero Static valve by allowing optimal drainability and hold up volumes with the main run in the vertical orientation and the outlet in the horizontal orientation.

#### **Typical Applications:**

 Vertical run use point, sampling and diverting.



#### Zero Static Inverted with Drain (ZID)

Zerostatic Inverted Drain valves integrate the benefits of a zero static for low point feed or return lines while allowing for cleaning, sterilization or and/or draining of the connected process piping.

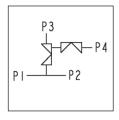
#### **Typical Applications:**

Flow Path

• For line feed applications that require the ability to drain the up stream line







#### Zero Static Block Body with Back Outlet Option (ZSBBT-BO)

The ZSBBT-BO valve provides all the advantages of the standard zero static valve for transferring, sampling, draining and diverting critical fluids, while minimizing the vertical space required. Porting the outlet from the back of the valve substantially reduces the space necessary when piping would require a 90° elbow to change the direction.

#### **Typical Applications:**

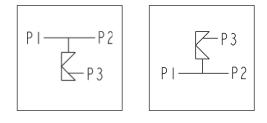
• Low clearance areas below WFI and process vessels.

• Skidded process systems such as CIP.

#### Flow Path





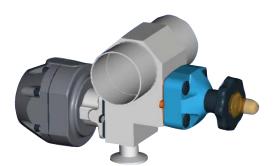


#### Zero Static Dual Inline (ZDI)

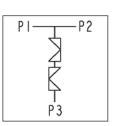
Zero Static use points are some of the most critical valves utilized in the Biopharmaceutical industry. Zero Statics are used extensively on Water for Injection (WFI) and purified water loops. These water loops supply nearly every manufacturing process. Water loop maintenance is typically scheduled for annual shutdowns so as not to affect production. Critical applications or use point locations that require maintenance on a more frequent basis or that would affect a large portion of the plant water loop may require additional valves to isolate the main water loop for maintenance. The Zero Static Dual Inline valve was designed specifically to allow for maintenance of two use points with minimum loop downtime.

#### **Typical Applications:**

• Use points where the loop service intervals need to be maximized



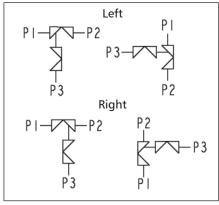
Flow Path



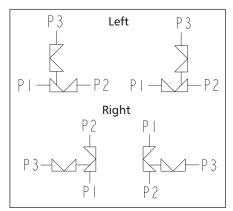




Patent # 6,401,756



ISG



Inverted ISG

#### Integral Sterile Access and GMP (ISG)

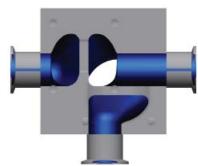
The ISG combines the functionality of the two most common process fabrications (Sterile Access (SA) and GMP) into one assembly, greatly reducing the deadlegs of conventional SA and GMP fabrications when a purge valve is required.

This is achieved by providing the purge valve integral to the main body design. By simply rotating the assembly, one fabricated block body can provide three process fabrication orientations: Standard Sterile Access Port (SAP) and vertical GMP porting above and below the weir. The result is one integral valve assembly, which reduces contact surfaces and hold up volume, while minimizing dimensional envelope and increasing design flexibility.

#### **Typical Applications:**

 Process diversion, steam barrier/block sampling

ISG Flow Path





Inverted ISG Flow Path



#### 2 through 6-Way Multiport Divert Valves

Divert valves are instrumental in achieving efficient, cost effective piping design. Divert valves allow process fluids to be diverted, mixed and/or sampled. ITT Pure-Flo is the first in the industry to incorporate the multiple weir block design. Divert valves minimize contact surfaces, minimize hold up volume, reduce CIP cycle times, improve product purity, minimize piping dimensional envelope, reduce number of system weldments, and are more easily actuated and validated then transfer panels.

#### **Typical Applications:**

- Distribution of process flows (ie. mixing flow paths)
- 2-Way diverts are often used to switch between main and bacup up pumps on WFI loops
- Used in place of transfer panels
- Also used for bypass, drain and isolation

PI

- CIP distribution
- Switching between buffers for Chromatography



Patent for 2-Way # 6,237,637 and # 5,427,150



ΡI

P2 P3 P4 P5 P6

PI F F F F F F P2 P3 P4 P5 P6 P7

DV2W

P3



DV4W

3-Way (DV3W)

Ρ2

ΡI

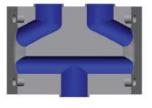
P3 P4 P5

DV5W

DV6W



2-Way (DV2W)



5-Way (DV5W)



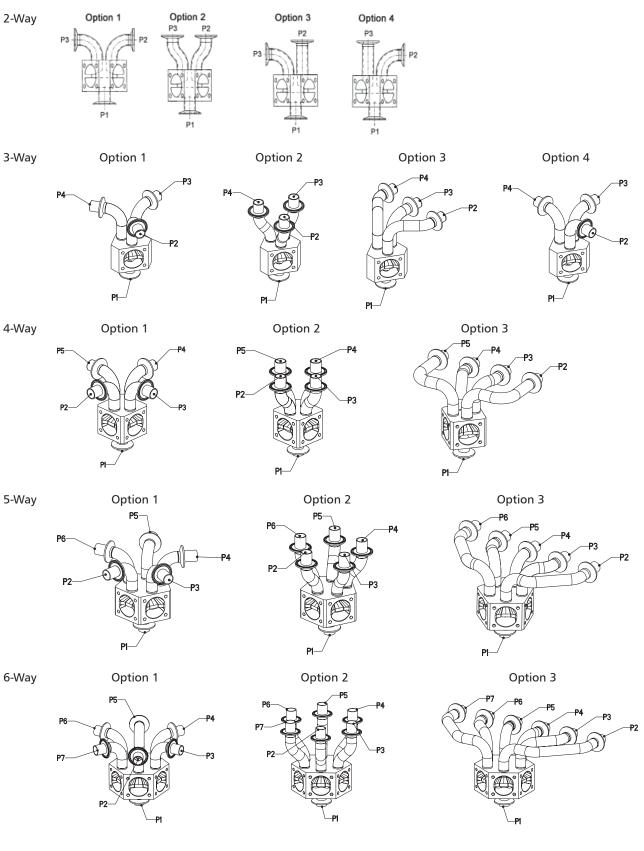




DVe



### **Divert Outlet Options**



#### Chromatography Valve (CHRO & CHN)

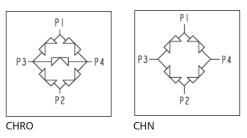
In a typical chromatography process, there is an assembly of five diaphragm valves that connect the chromatography column to the process piping. Manipulating those valves allows the process to flow through the chromatography column in the forward and reverse direction, as well as bypass the column completely. The Pure-Flo Integral Chromatography Valve Assembly accomplishes this task by integrating the required valves while retaining flexibility, minimizing dead legs in the process piping, and reducing the overall space needed for the assembly. The Integral Chromatography Valve provides the process needs of three (3) P&IDs, utilizing four or five valves in one integrally machined assembly, dramatically reducing contact surfaces and hold up volume.

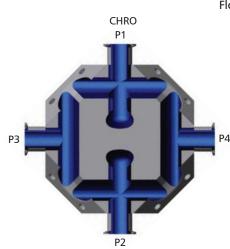


• Chromatography

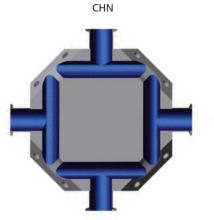


Patent # 6,112,767 and 5,906,223





Flow Path

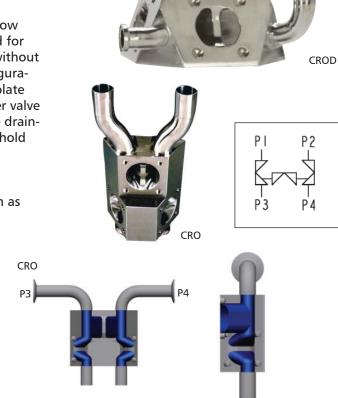


#### **Crossover (CROD & CRO)**

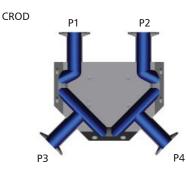
Bioprocessing often requires the use of flow through equipment that must be isolated for maintenance. To facilitate maintenance without shutting down the entire process a configuration of three valves is typically used to isolate and bypass when necessary. The crossover valve integrates these three valves into a single drainable block with minimized deadlegs and hold up volume.

#### **Typical Applications:**

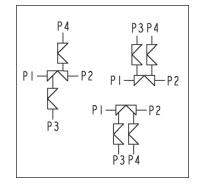
• Isolation and bypass or equipment such as filters, housings and bubble traps.



#### Flow Path





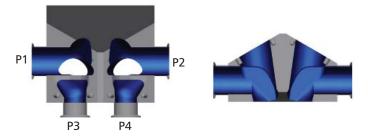


#### Integral Dual Sterile Access (IDSA)

Sterile Access valves are widely used in the Biopharmaceutical industry. Sterile Access valves allow access to the process system for sterilizing, sampling, cleaning, diverting or draining. The Integral Dual Sterile Access valve integrates access on either side of the valve, with minimal deadlegs and hold up volumes. The integrated block design provides the possibility to orient the sterile access valves up or down, which can not be easily accommodated in a sterile access fabrication.

#### **Typical Applications:**

• Cleaning/Sterilization both upstream and downstream of the control point.



#### Horizontal Divert Valve 3-Way (HDV3W)

3-Way Divert valves are instrumental in achieving efficient, cost effective piping design. Divert valves allow process fluids to be diverted, mixed and/or sampled. Divert valves minimize contact surfaces, minimize hold up volume, reduce CIP cycle times, improve product purity, minimize piping dimensional envelope, and reduce number of system weldments. The Horizontal 3-way divert is specifically designed to be drainable in horizontal installations. The HDV3W is ideal for limited vertical space applications such as under process vessels.

#### **Typical Applications:**

- Divert process flow, mixing flow paths, drain and isolation
- Low vertical space installations

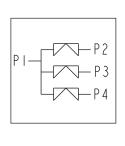
#### **Integral Horizontal Sterile Access (IHSA)**

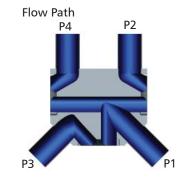
The Integral Horizontal Sterile Access (IHSA) is designed for sterile access applications where the piping for the main valve and purge valve are both on a horizontal plane. The IHSA provides additional benefits over standard Horizontal Sterile Access (HSA) fabrications. The IHSA should be used whenever optimal drainability and minimal deadlegs are required in horizontal orientations.

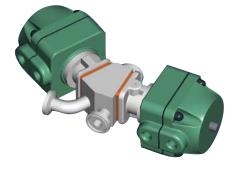
#### **Typical Applications:**

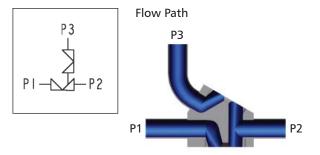
- Integral block incorporating second horizontal valve
- Ideal for vertical space constraints











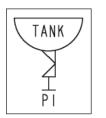
## **Vessel Valves**

#### Tank Bottom Valve (TBV)

The Tank Bottom Diaphragm Valve is designed for use at the bottom of a tank or vessel to drain or sample while minimizing the interior sump and preventing any dead leg for bacteria or microorganism entrapment.

#### **Typical Applications:**

• Creating an aseptic barrier around bioreactors



#### Sterile Tank Vent Filter Shunt (DV2WS)

The DV2WS is a 2-Way Divert valve designed to facilitate changing from one vent filter to another on WFI storage tanks without interrupting operations.

Normally vent filter cartridges are not changed during operation due to potential for contamination. Large systems designed for continuous use often require two separate vent filtration units. The Sterile Filter Shunt valve is a sterilizable tank vent shunt valve assembly mounted on a single nozzle designed for this purpose.

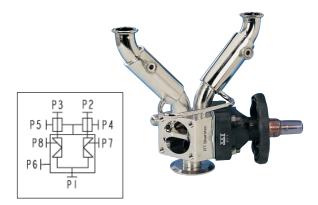
The steam traced version of this valve when used with a steam jacketed filter housing, will prevent condensation from forming inside the filter housing. The assembly consists of a 2-way divert valve. The upstream side of the valve is connected to the two filter housings. The common port is connected to the tank vent nozzle. A steam condensate discharge port is positioned tangential to the weir of both valves. Two additional valves are used to close the condensate port after sterilization. These valves in turn are connected to a steam trap which then goes to drain.

#### **Typical Applications:**

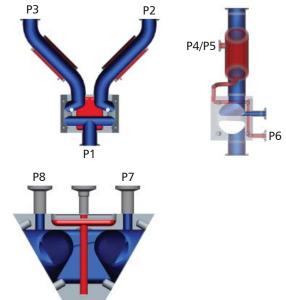
• Used to change a vent filter cartridge on a WFI tank while the system is in operation



Patent # 5,227,401



Flow Path



### **Vessel Valves**

#### Block and Bleed (BBD, BBV)

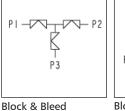
The double block and bleed method of creating an aseptic barrier between two processes is widely utilized in the Bioprocessing industry. Traditionally three standard valves would be fabricated into the double block and bleed configuration. The Block and Bleed Drain (BBD) and Block and Bleed Vent (BBV) valves integrate these three valves into one compact block, minimizing hold up volumes and enhancing cleanability. The compact design allows for greater valve density and flexible system design.

#### **Typical Applications:**

- Create steam block, isolate and clean chamber for aseptic barrier
- Block line flow for the purpose of draining the line or filling from an auxiliary source

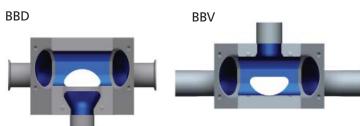


J- P2



Code: BBD

#### **Flow Path**



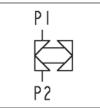
#### Bypass (BYP)

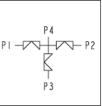
Typical Bioprocessing and Pharmaceutical processes utilize large quantities of water. Processes such as WFI storage, Media hold and Buffer preparation utilize large vessels for holding or preparing the process fluids. The Bypass valve is specifically designed to optimize the fill rate of these large vessels. By utilizing two different flow paths the process can be filled quickly with the larger valve and filled at a slower rate by the smaller valve for topping off the process, saving significant time in the process.

#### **Typical Applications:**

• Tank filling applications



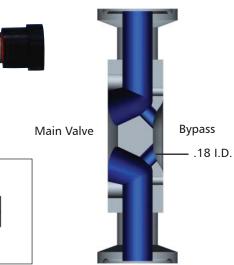




Integrated Block Valves

Block & Bleed Code: BBV

Block & Bleed with Optional Vent Port



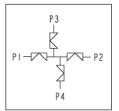
Flow Path

### **Vessel Valves**

#### Integral Sterile Barrier (SB1)

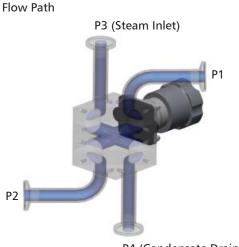
The Sterile Barrier block addresses the issues of achieving sterile barrier technology and utilizing a small dimensional envelope while minimizing contact surfaces and hold up volume. The Integral Sterile Barrier consists of four valves machined from a single block. The common chamber is located in the center of the block and the independent ports are located on the ends. The assemblies consist of two product valves, a steam injection valve and a condensate drain valve. When the two product valves are open and the steam injection and condensate valves are closed, product flows through to the reactor. When the product valves are closed, a chamber is formed between the two valves which, when injected with steam, provides a sterile barrier isolating the reactor.





#### **Typical Applications:**

• Creating an aseptic barrier around bioreactors



P4 (Condensate Drain)

### Diaphragms

ITT has manufactured diaphragm valves for nearly 50 years and takes great pride in its reputation for supplying the highest quality hygienic diaphragm valves to the Biopharm industry.

The diaphragm is the most critical component of a diaphragm valve. Diaphragms are the valve component that provide positive shut-off between process fluids, protects the process from the environment and in some cases protects the environment from the process.

Genuine ITT diaphragms feature:

- Designs specifically matched to Pure-Flo weire geometry
- Engineered safety
- Reliability
- Industry proven performance
- Reduced total cost of ownership
- Complete product range
- Pure-Flo Topworks compatibility
- Material traceability permanently marked on diaphragms
- Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) materials and specifications
- Global availability
- Global technical support
- Preventative maintenance program development assistance

Regulatory Compliance to:

- FDA 21CFR Part 177
- Latest edition of the US Pharmacopea Class VI
- Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC
- EMEA/410/01 TSE/BSE (Transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy)

ITT Pure-Flo diaphragms are qualified and approved for use with Pure-Flo diaphragm valves. Other makes of diaphragms are not recommended and/or guaranteed by Pure-Flo for use with Pure-Flo valves.



### **Diaphragm Selection**

The Pharmaceutical and Biotech industries consider a number of factors to determine the best diaphragm solution for a given process or application.

Key factors include:

- Regulatory Compliance
  - FDA
  - USP 31
- Biocompatability
- Material extractibles
- Application temperatures
- Cleaning in place (CIP)
- Steaming in place (SIP)
- Passivation
- Failure mode

Applications within the Biotech industry are particularly sensitive to diaphragm materials because of the fact that many of the processes within the industry utilize living organisms. A balance or compromise must be struck between all of the key factors listed. Regulatory compliance in most cases is not sufficient by itself to guarantee a properly functioning system.

The worldwide network of ITT Pure-Flo technical resources are available to assist in determining the proper diaphragm for your application.

Diaph	ragm Type	Siz	ze	Temperature					
Grade	Material	Inch	DN	°F	°C				
В	Black Butyl Rubber	0.25-12	6-300	-20–250	-29–121				
E1	EPDM <sup>1</sup>	0.25-4	6-100	-22–302 <sup>2</sup>	-20-150 <sup>2</sup>				
Р	Buna N	0.50-12	15-300	10–180	-12–82				
TME	PTFE	0.25-6	6-150	-4–329	-20–165				
W1	White Butyl Rubber	0.50-8	15-200	0-225	-18–107				

Dia	phragm Type	Compliance					
Grade	Material	FDA	USDA	USP			
В	Black Butyl Rubber	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
E1	EPDM	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$			
Р	Buna N	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				
TME	PTFE	$\checkmark$		$\checkmark$			
W1	White Butyl Rubber	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$				

<sup>1</sup> For high temperature and/or high cycle applications, contact ITT.

<sup>2</sup> Temperature range is as follows:

-4–194°F (-20–90°C) for liquid applications

-22-285°F (-30-140°C) for continuous steam

-22–302°F (-30–150°C) for intermittent steam



Diaphragms

### Diaphragm Design

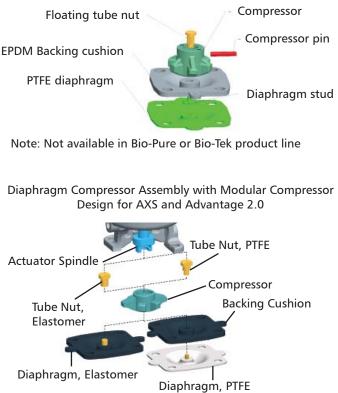
Pure-Flo's two-piece PTFE diaphragms have proven through years of outstanding service to be a robust and forgiving design. The two-piece construction eliminates the delamination problems inherent in competitive "PTFE faced" diaphragms.

PTFE diaphragms utilize a floating tube nut connection. The floating tube nut design assures that downward closing forces will be absorbed by the elastomer backing cushion and evenly distributed across the closing surface (weir) in the valve body.

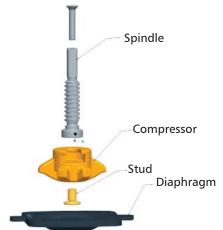
#### **Design Benefits:**

- Reduced cold flow
- Improved sealability
- Longer diaphragm life
- Reduced point loading
- Eliminates stud pullout

PTFE Diaphragm Compressor Assembly Showing Floating Tube Nut Design for Advantage, 903, and 913 (963 prior to 2010)



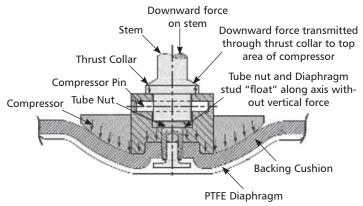
PTFE Diaphragm Compressor Assembly Showing T-slot Design for 970 and 963 with stainless compressor



Diaphragms

### **Principle of Operation**

Downward force on top of compressor bypassed by tube nut and transformed to distributed pressure on bottom area of compressor. Compressor presses diaphragm over weir area of valve body.



### **Elastomer Diaphragm Construction**

Pure-Flo elastomer diaphragms are produced by a compression molding process. The completed elastomer diaphragm is of a one-piece design. The diaphragm is constructed with layers of polymer material and a high performance woven fabric reinforcement for maximum strength and durability.

Elastomer diaphragms utilize a threaded connection to the valve compressor. PTFE and Elastomer diaphragm threads are not interchangeable.

## High Performance Woven Fabric Reinforcement Layer of Polymer Material

Layer of Polymer Material

### **Qualification Testing**

Quality, performance and reliability of all Pure-Flo diaphragms is assured through extensive testing and comprehensive controls on the diaphragm material manufacturing process. Pure-Flo has years of experience in the development of diaphragm materials for use in the challenging applications within the Pharmaceutical and Bioprocessing industries. This knowledge is applied to each new material development. Successful completion of all appropriate regulatory requirements and operational performance benchmarks must be met before any new diaphragm material is released to the industry.

Typical conformance and performance tests:

- FDA extraction per 21CFR177.2600 (Elastomers)
- FDA extraction per 21CFR177.1550 (PTFE)
- USP Class VI <87> and <88> (70°C and 121°C<sup>1</sup>)
- Cycle testing using air, water, and steam
- Cycle testing against vacuum and positive pressure at 100% and 0% △P conditions
- Cycle testing at ambient, cold, and elevated temperatures

#### <sup>1</sup> For PTFE Diaphragms

Note: ITT Pure-Flo diaphragms are qualified and approved for use with Pure-Flo diaphragm valves. Other makes of diaphragms are not recommended and/or guaranteed by Pure-Flo for use with Pure-Flo valves.

Diaphragm Development

Threaded Connection



#### USP Class VI

Pure-Flo PTFE diaphragms are tested to USP standards at 70°C and 121°C to provide assurance that diaphragm materials do not affect the process when subjected to typical protocols.

### Grade TME PTFE

Grade TME combines the performance of the Grade TM PTFE diaphragm with a Grade B1 EPDM backing cushion that has been specifically formulated and processed to enhance material properties. Backing cushion compression and extrusion has been minimized with these changes. As a result diaphragm performance is improved in thermal cycling applications that are common place in the BioPharm industry.

The new backing cushion material is designated Grade B1 EPDM. This new backing cushion material remains EPDM and is compliant with all applicable FDA and USP requirements.



Type: TME

Size Range: BT-6" (DN6 - DN150)

**Temperature Rating:** -4°F to 329°F (-20°C to 165°C)

#### **Pressure Rating:**

See Pressure & Temperature chart on page D-10

#### Material (2 Piece Construction):

Product Contact Surface: Modified PTFE with PPVE\* Backing Cushion: Grade B1 EPDM

#### **Regulatory Compliance:**

21CFR 177.1550 (a) USP Class VI, Chapter <87>, <88> (70°C and 121°C) 21CFR177.2600 (Backing cushion)

\*TME Material is considered a homopolymer according to ISO 12086, ASTM D-4894 due to < 1% perfluoropropyl vinyl ether (PPVE) modification



### Pure-Life NGE Diaphragms - Grade E1

Created with the latest advanced technology polymer science. The NGE (E1) diaphragm was developed specifically for the intense applications of the Biopharmaceutical industry, the Pure-Life NGE diaphragm outperform all previous classes of EPDM and EPM diaphragms in these applications. Testing in extreme conditions both at ITT's state of the art diaphragm development laboratory and prominent Biopharm end users has shown order of magnitude performance gains over current generation of EPDM diaphragms.

#### Type: E1

Size Range: BT-6" (DN6 - DN150)

#### **Temperature Rating:**

- -4–194°F (-20–90°C) for liquid applications<sup>1</sup>
- -22-285°F (-30-140°C) for continuous steam<sup>1</sup>
- -22–302°F (-30–150°C) for intermittent steam<sup>1</sup>

#### **Pressure Rating:**

See Pressure & Temperature chart on page D-10 Consult factory for steam rating

#### Material:

Ethylene Propylene Diene Monomer Peroxide Cured (EPDM)

#### **Regulatory Compliance:**

21CFR 177.2600 USP Class VI, Chapter <87>, <88>

<sup>1</sup> For high temperature and/or high cycle applications, contact ITT.

#### **Benefits**:

- Reduced total cost of ownership
- Extended service life
- Improved uptime
- Ease of validation
- Improved resistance to steam, WFI and commonly used CIP chemicals
- Maintains ITT valve warranty



#### **Certifications:**

USP Class VI standard, Chapters <87>, <88> compliant FDA 21CFR177.2600 compliant Animal Derived Ingredient Free EMEA /410/01 TSE/BSE (Transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy) compliant



### **European Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC**

Diaphragm valves must comply with European Union Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/ EC. Valves must meet certain Essential Safety Requirements and design criteria. This includes diaphragms as they are an integral component of the valve pressure boundary.

The PED requires the manufacturer to maintain a technical file primarily consisting of:

- Design calculations or proof test
- Material testing
- Performance testing
- Declaration of Compliance to the PED 97/23/ EC (available on request)

An excerpt from a guideline for the Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC states:

"Pressure equipment which has been subject to important modifications that change its original characteristics, purpose and/or type after it has been put into service has to be considered as a new product covered by the directive."<sup>1</sup>

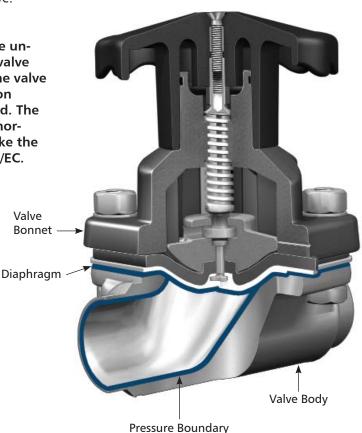
#### Note:

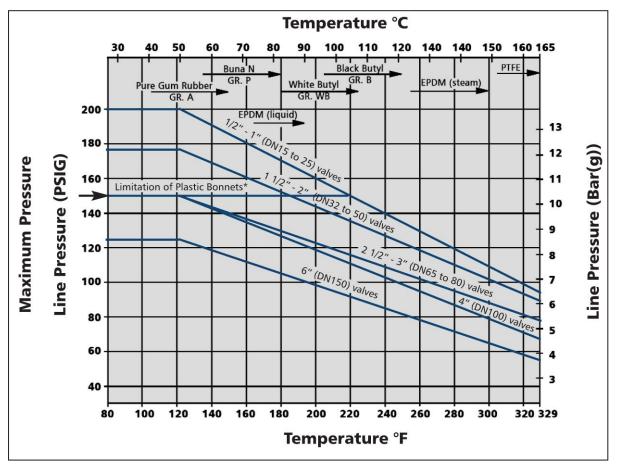
The use of unauthorized and therefore undocumented components within the valve constitutes a major modification to the valve and renders the original ITT Declaration and compliance to the Directive invalid. The end user or the supplier of the unauthorized replacement component must take the responsibility for compliance to 93/23/EC.

<sup>1</sup> http://europa.eu.int/comm/ enterprise/pressure\_equipment/ped

#### **Pressure Boundary**

The diaphragm is a critical pressure boundary component of a typical diaphragm valve in conjunction with the valve body, fasteners and manual or actuated bonnet. These components are designed, manufactured and tested to achieve specific pressure ratings and performance criteria. Changes in materials, dimensions or even tolerances of any of these components can have an adverse affect on the overall performance and safety of the valve. ITT Pure Flo conducts extensive testing to support the performance of the valve and pressure boundary.

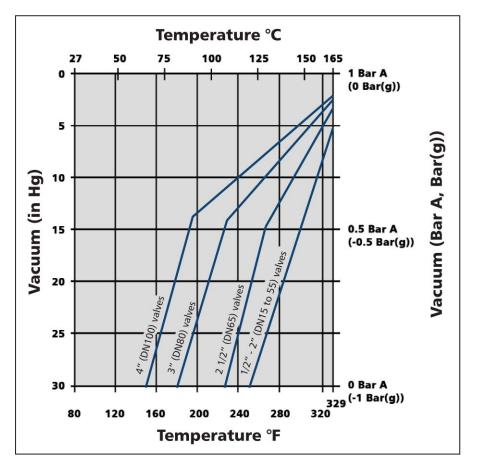




### **Pressure/Temperature Recommendations**

\* This line shows the limitation of plastic bonnets including the 963 and Advantage Actuators.

Note: Elastomer diaphragms may be used in vacuum service within above temperature recommendations. For services exceeding charted pressure/temperature recommendations, consult factory. The chart does not pertain to steam or corrosive services. Consult ITT DV-06 Technical Manual and Service Guide for specific recommendations.



### **PTFE Diaphragms for Vacuum Service**

Notes:

1. Service conditions falling to the right of these lines will require bonnet evacuation.

2. PTFE-Diaphragms, 6" (DN 150) size and larger, will not withstand full vacuum at any temperature unless bonnets are evacuated.

3. With evacuated bonnets any size PTFE-Diaphragms can be used up to 329°F (165°C).

4. See below for elastomer diaphragms for vacuum service

### **Elastomer Diaphragms for Vacuum Service**

The standard Pure-Flo diaphragm valve is ideally suited for vacuum service, providing dependable performance and good service life from atmospheric pressure down to nearly full vacuum (-30 in Hg, 0 Bar A) The diaphragm is bi-directional and presents a smooth face with no hidden voids on either side of the valve, whether open, closed or throttling.

### Validation and Compliance

ITT Pure-Flo recognizes the importance of product and process validation to the Pharmaceutical and Bioprocessing industries. A complete selection of documentation is available to facilitate the validation process.

- Diaphragm ingredients and
- processing aids are FDA compliant
- Physical properties, raw materials, compounding and molding process are documented
- All diaphragms are available with FDA Certificate of Conformance
- 21CFR177.2600 Elastomers
- 21CFR177.1550 Perflourocarbon
- All diaphragms are available with USP Class VI Certificate of Conformance
- Chapter 87 In-Vitro
- Chapter 88 In-Vivo
- Certificate of Compliance to EMEA/410/01 "Guidance on Minimising the Risk of Transmitting Animal Spongiform Encephalopathy Agents via Human and Veterinary Medicinal Products" available upon request
- Certificate of Traceability to
- EN 10204 3.1 B available upon request
- Third party testing and in-house performance data available upon request

Note: ITT Pure-Flo diaphragms are qualified and approved for use with Pure-Flo diaphragm valves. Other makes of diaphragms are not recommended and/or guaranteed by Pure-Flo for use with Pure-Flo valves.

### **Genuine Replacement Parts**

Replace the diaphragm in your ITT hygienic diaphragm valve with imitation diaphragms and you might risk more than you thought. Only one diaphragm is specifically designed and manufactured to deliver the performance you demand from your ITT valve. With an ITT diaphragm valve you get compliance with FDA, USP, and ASME BPE requirements, a design that creates a tight repeatable seal, and materials that protect your process and are completely traceable. And just as importantly, you have a valve that provides essential pressure containment protecting your plant and your people.

#### Certificates of Compliance



CERTIFICATE C	30 Centrarile Road         PO. Dow 164           PC COMPLIANCE         Lancater, PA 17605-064           Phone (16)         Lancater, PA 17605-064           Phone (16)         Phone (16)           Const         Fac (717) 550-2336
	2005
Customer: ABC CORP Customer Order Number: ITT Order Number: ITT Line Number: ITT Item Number:	Quantity: 100 76/30 022 427/75
Item Number (Description	0: (A) KIT DIA-BKQ CSH BT TM17 (B) PFC
	Stati, DUPYHACM IT VIC TM GIT M     Generation     Generation
Richard E. Bird Manager, Quality Assurance (This certificate was created)	t (or representative) Sinchronically and is valid without algorithms.)
This certificate in	i contect al the time and no charges shall be made to it without the authorization of the insuing ITT Manager, if any unadhrotical charges are made, the certificate a void.

### **Diaphragm Traceability**

All diaphragm materials and physical properties are batch traceable via permanent codes molded into the diaphragm tabs. The molding date, material grade, and diaphragm size provide traceability to original batch records.

### **Elastomer Material Grade Codes**

Elastomer material grades are listed on page D-2 (Type 1). For diaphragms with a clock (Type 2) the arrow points to the material grade.

### **Elastomer Date Codes**

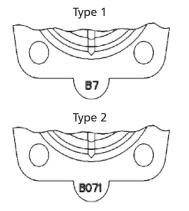
The date is a two digit year code and dots corresponding to months Type 1: April 2001

For diaphragms with a clock, the two digits in the middle are the year and the arrow points to the month.

Type 2: December 2008

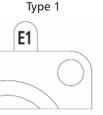
### **PTFE Date Codes**

The first letter identifies the month the lot was manufactured. For a two digit code, the second digit is the year (Type 1: B7 = February 2007). For a four digit code, the next two digits indicate the year, and the last number indicates the batch number (Type 2: B071 = February 2007, batch 1).



А	January
В	February
С	March
D	April
E	May
F	June
G	July
Н	August
I	September
J	October
К	November
L	December

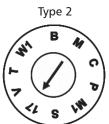
PTFE Code - Year												
Year	4 Digit Code	2 Digit Code										
2005	05	5										
2006	06	6										
2007	07	7										
2008	08	8										
2009	09	9										
2010	10	0										



Back

→ 01

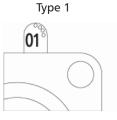
Date —



J 🔫

Front

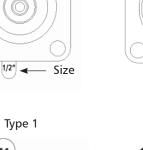
→ [E1]



**PTFE Code - Months** 

Type 2

PTFE Code - Year											
Year	4 Digit Code	2 Digit Code									
2005	05	5									
2006	06	6									
2007	07	7									
2008	08	8									
2009	09	9									
2010	10	0									
2011	11	1									
etc.	etc.	etc.									



Material Grade\*-

Vendor ID

### Packaging

All Pure-Flo diaphragms are sealed in individual tamper evident packages to prevent damage and contamination during transportation, handling and storage. Tamper evident packaging provides an extra level of assurance that the diaphragm has not been exposed to potential contamination during storage or maintenance activities prior to installation. All Pure-Flo Diaphragm packages contain important information necessary for validation and maintenance.

- Diaphragm part number
- Description
- Material
- Pack date
- Cure date
- Installation graphic



### **Storage Recommendations**

- Storage temperature should be between 40-75°F (5-25°C). Higher temperatures may affect overall service.
- Diaphragms should be stored in a cool dry envinronment so that condensation does not occur.
- Diaphragms should be protected from direct sunlight and Ultra Violet light sources.
- Where possible diaphragms should be protected from circulating air. Storage in bags or other air tight containers is recommended for longest service life.
- Physical properties and performance of rubber diaphragms can deteriorate when stored for long periods. The diaphragm may become unsuitable for service due to environemental, physical, and chemical factors.

#### Shelf Life

Material	Grade	Shelf Life
Butyl	B, W1	10
EPDM	E1	6
Buna N	Р	6
PTFE <sup>1</sup>	TME	10

<sup>1</sup> PTFE diaphragm face only.

### **Application**

Pure-Flo diaphragms are suitable for a wide range of utility and process applications utilized in the Pharmaceutical and Biotech industries. However, not all diaphragm materials are suitable for all processes and conditions. The accompanying tables should be used as a reference.

The worldwide network of ITT Pure-Flo technical resources are available to assist in determining the proper diaphragm for your application.

Typical Process Applications:

- WFI
- Purified water
- Product solutions
- Buffer solutions
- Cell culture solutions
- Media
- Solvents
- Protein solutions
- Ultra filtration

Typical Utility Applications:

- Passivation protocols
- Cleaning protocols
- Sterilization protocols

#### Passivation

	Nitric Acid 15% <sup>1</sup>	Phos- phoric 10% <sup>1</sup>	Citric Acid 15% <sup>1</sup>	Mixed Chel- ants <sup>2</sup>
PTFE	R	R	R	R
EPDM	U	R	R	R
Butyl	R	R	R	R
Silicone	U	U	R	R

<sup>1</sup> At 60°C/140°F

<sup>2</sup> Amonium citrate Base at 80°C/176°F

R = Resistant

U = Unsatisfactory

#### Cleaning

	Sodium Hydroxide NaOH	Sodium ypochlo- rite NaOCI	Potassium Hydrox- ide KOH	Phosphoric Acid H3PO4	Hydrogen Peroxide H2O2	
PTFE	R	R	R	R	R	
EPDM	R	R	R	R	R	
Butyl	R	R	R	R	U	
Silicone	R	R	U	U	R	

Consult factory for specific temperature and concentration limitations.

#### Sterilization

	Satı	urated Ste			
	20 psi 1.4 Bar(g)	30 psi 2.1 Bar(g)	40 psi 2.8 Bar(g)	Dry Heat <sup>2</sup>	Ozone <sup>3</sup>
PTFE	R	R	R	R	R
EPDM	R*	R* R* R*		U	R
Butyl	R*	R*	R*	U	R
Silicone	U	U	U	U	R

1 20psi/1.4 Bar(g) = 259°F/126°C

30psi/2.1 Bar(g) = 274°F/135°C

 $40\text{psi}/2.8 \text{ Bar}(g) = 286^{\circ}\text{F}/142^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

2 338°F/170°C

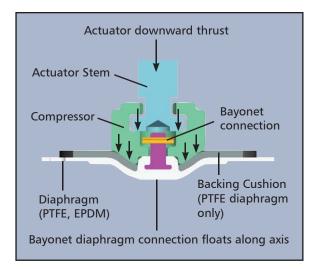
3 3% at 80°F/27°C

\* Limited life and undesirable failure mode

### **Bio-Pure Diaphragm**

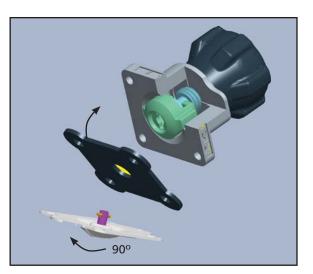
#### Interchangeability

All Bio-Pure valves feature a common diaphragm connection. Elastomer and PTFE diaphragms can be interchanged as required on both the manual and actuated bonnets.



#### Installation

Bio-Pure diaphragm installation is simplified by utilizing a bayonet diaphragm connection. The diaphragm is inserted into the compressor and turned 90°. The bayonet design provides float to eliminate point loading on PTFE diaphragms.



The Pure-Flo product offering continues to evolve to meet the needs of the Bioprocessing industry. A complete line of manual and pneumatically actuated options are available to suit most any requirement. All Pure-Flo top works are robustly designed and constructed of durable FDA compliant materials. With decades of proven reliability and long cycle life, Pure-Flo actuators are the route to trouble free operation and reduced total cost of ownership.

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Dia-Flo.	E18

### 970 Stainless Steel Manual Bonnet

Resistant to standard washdown protocols, the 970 stainless steel bonnet is the compact, autoclavable solution for Pharmaceutical/ Bioprocessing applications.

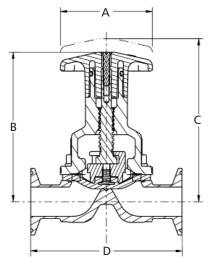
Туре: 970

Size Range: 0.5-2" (DN15-DN50)

Max Service Pressure: 0.5–1": 200 psig (13.8 bar) 1.5–2": 175 psig (12.1 bar)

Max Service Temperature: See page D-10

Bonnet Material: 316 Stainless Steel



Handwheel Material: Glass reinforced polyarylsulfane (PAS) FDA compliant to 21CFR 177.1660

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.



Standard Features:

- Easy assembly and disassembly
- Rising handwheel
- Adjustable travel stop\*
- Visual position indicator
- O-ring splash seal
- Stainless steel stem
- Bronze compressor
- \* Patent # 6,241,213

Valve	e Size	Bonnet Weight			
Inch	DN	lb.	kg.		
0.50	15	0.97	0,44		
0.75	20	1.23	0,56		
1.00	25	1.67	0,76		
1.50	40	5.00	2,27		
2.00	50	6.50	2,95		

Valve	e Size	A	4	В		С		<b>D</b> <sup>1</sup>		D <sup>2</sup>		D <sup>3</sup>
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	mm
0.50	15	2.75	69,9	3.65	92,7	3.93	99,7	3.50	89	5.12	130	106
0.75	20	2.75	69,9	3.89	98,8	4.26	108,3	4.00	102	5.50	140	118
1.00	25	2.75	69,9	4.54	115,3	4.99	126,7	4.50	114	5.88	149	127
1.50	40	5.25	133,3	5.86	148,8	6.67	169,4	5.50	140	7.00	178	174
2.00	50	5.25	133,3	6.49	164,8	7.61	193,3	6.25	159	7.62	194	191

Note: Handwheel diameter and assembly heights are from body centerline to top of bonnet assembly.

<sup>1</sup> Tri Clamp, TC x BW, Short Tangent BW

<sup>2</sup> Extended BW Forging

3 ISO/DIN

### 963 PAS Manual Bonnet

Capable of withstanding typical washdown media, the 963 bonnet is a fully featured, compact, lightweight, yet rugged design. The 963 is packed with features that fulfill the most demanding requirements of today's critical bioprocessing systems.

Type: 963 & 963S

Size Range: 0.5-4" (DN15-DN100)

Service Pressure/Temperature: Max Service Pressure: 150 psig (10.34 bar) Max Service Temperature: 300°F (149°C)

External Temperature Limitations: 300°F (149°C)

Bonnet & Handwheel Material: Glass reinforced polyarylsulfane (PAS) FDA compliant to 21CFR 177.1660

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

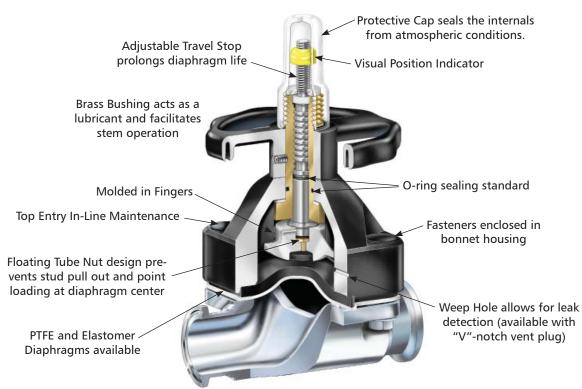
Standard Features:

- Autoclavable
- Rising stem
- Adjustable travel stop
- Protective PPS cap
- Brass stem bushing
- Visual position indicator
- Permanent lubrication
- O-ring seals
- Stainless steel compressor
- Enclosed fasteners 0.5-3" (DN15-DN80)
- Hygienic internals: 0.5–2"

**Optional Features:** 

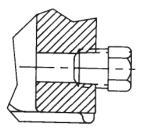
- Sealed bonnets: 9635
- Hygienic internals (M2): 3-4"
- Lockable: 0.5, 0.75, 1, 1.5, 2, 3, 4 in. sizes

Note: Bonnets manufactured 2010 and beyond with model number 963 and 963S and stainless compressor are autoclavable as standard. Bronze compressor versions are autoclavable only with S2-M2-M17 options.

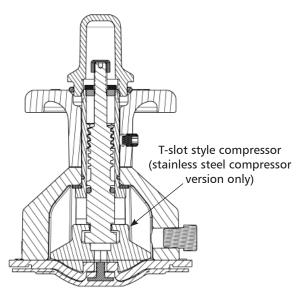


#### Sealed Bonnet Option:

A sealed bonnet provides a secondary containment area for process fluids if the diaphragm should ever fail. A v-notch vent plug is provided to serve as a leak detector and prevents the release of proc ess fluids into the atmosphere. Sealed bonnets are an available option on 963 manual bonnets.

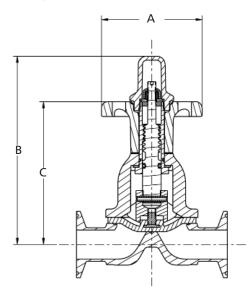


V-Notch Vent Plug Detail



Sealed Bonnet - V-Notch Vent Plug

### Weights and Dimensions for 963 Manual Bonnets



Valve	e Size	A	4	В		(	C	Bonnet	Weight
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	lb	kg
0.50	15	3.00	76,2	3.65	92,7	2.78	70,6	0.6	0,27
0.75	20	3.00	76,2	4.57	116,0	3.44	87,2	0.9	0,41
1.00	25	3.00	76,2	5.54	140,8	4.21	107,0	1.3	0,59
1.50	40	5.50	139,7	8.44	214,2	5.34	135,5	3.9	1,77
2.00	50	5.50	139,7	9.06	230,0	5.96	151,3	5.3	2,41
2.50 <sup>1</sup>	65	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	NA	NA
3.00 <sup>1</sup>	80	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	11.7	5,32
4.00	100	10.00	254,0	14.90	378,6	10.24	260,2	16.2	7,36

<sup>1</sup> The 2.5 in. (DN65) valve is a 3 in. (DN80) body and topworks with 2.5 in. (DN65) end connections.

### **Bio-Pure<sup>®</sup> Manual Bonnet**

The Bio-Pure is the compact solution for the most demanding Biopharm applications. Available in fractional sizes and a wide selection of body materials and end connections the Bio-Pure is the ideal choice for sampling and other low flow, high value processes. Bioreactors, chromatography systems, filtration skids are just a small number of applications that will benefit from the compact, reliable performance. Bio-Pure is capable of withstanding typical Steam in Place (SIP) and Clean in Place (CIP) protocols. For demanding Clean out of Place (COP) requirements the manual BPMC option is the solution for reliable trouble free operation. A standard 2 piece PTFE diaphragm prevents separation of the diaphragm, which is common in laminated diaphragm designs.

Typical Applications

- Sampling
- Bioreactors
- Chromatography systems
- Filtration skids
- Portable vessels

Size Range 0.25", 0.31", 0.375", 0.5" (DN 6, 8, 10, 15)

Service Pressure/Temperature 150 psi at 220°F (10.34 bar at 104°C)



Standard Body Materials:

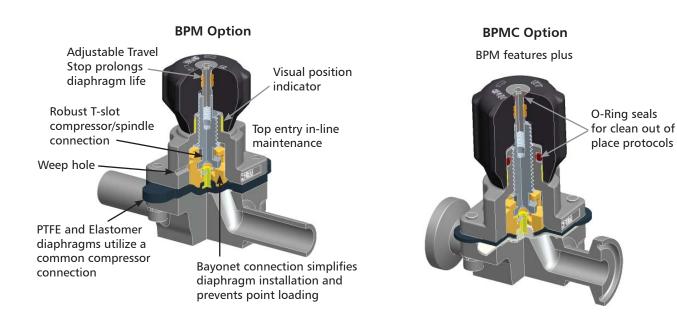
- ASTM A182 Grade 316, DIN 17440. 1.4435
- ASTM A479
- Other materials available upon request

Available End Connections:

- 0.5" (DN 15) 16 Gauge
- 0.25", 0.375" (DN 8, 10) 20 Gauge
- DIN/ISO
- Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp®

Corrosion Resistance:

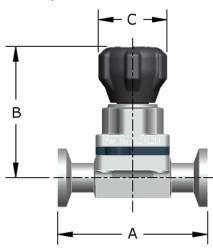
Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns.

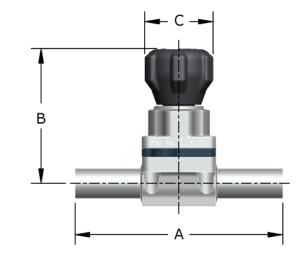


Topworks

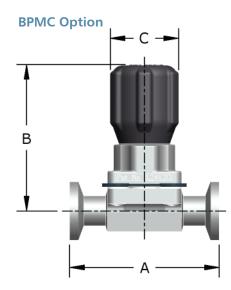
## Dimensions

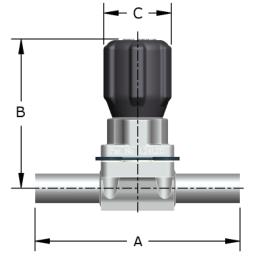
### **BPM Option**





	ANSI (USOD)		DIN/ISO	в			
	A Tri-Clamp	A Buttweld	А	Closed	B Open	с	
In.	2.53	3.50	3.50	2.23	2.39	1.25	
mm	64,3	89,0	64,3/89,0	56,6	60,7	31,8	





	ANSI (USOD)		DIN/ISO	В			
	A Tri-Clamp	A Buttweld	А	Closed	B Open	с	
In.	2.53	.53 3.50 3.50		2.61	2.77	1.25	
mm	64,3	89,0	64,3/89,0	66,4	70,4	31,8	

### **Bio-Tek® Manual Bonnet**

The Bio-Tek is a compact, lightweight solution ideal for Bioprocessing applications and utilized frequently as a sample or drain port in Pharmaceutical process systems and Pure-Flo fabrications.

Type: 18 & 18S

Size Range: 0.25", 0.375", 0.5" (DN6-DN15)

Service Pressure/Temperature: 150 psi at 220°F (10.34 bar, 104°C) Maximum external temperature: 300°F (149°C)

Bonnet Materials: Model 18

- Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel
- Spindle: Stainless Steel
- Compressor: Stainless Steel
- Model 18S
- Bonnet: 316 Stainless Steel
- Spindle: Stainless Steel
- Compressor: Stainless Steel
- O-rings: Fluoropolymer, FDA compliant

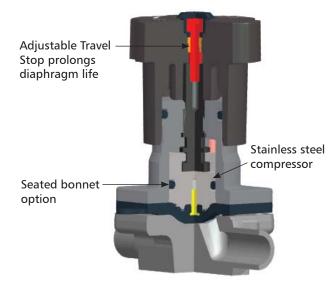
Handwheel Material: PAS (Polyarylsulphone)

Standard Features:

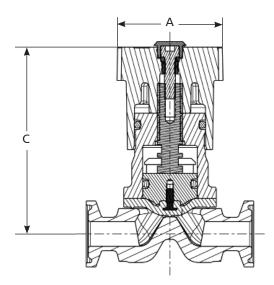
- Adjustable travel stop
- Autoclavable

Note: This bonnet is available for Bio-Tek type bodies only.





### **Dimensions for Bio-Tek Bonnet**



Valve Size		4	4	С		
Inch	DN	Inch mm		Inch	mm	
0.25, 0.375, 0.5	8, 10, 15	1.61	41,1	2.62	66,5	

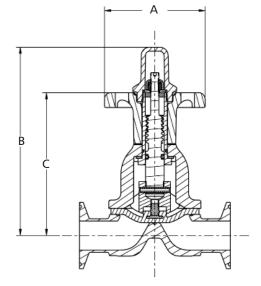
### 913 Stainless Steel Manual Bonnet

Satisfying the most stringent biopharm processing requirements, the 913 is available with many standard and optional features. Stainless steel construction and the availability of a sealed option make the 913 bonnet an excellent choice for critical applications requiring reliability, corrosion resistance and secondary product containment.

Type: 913 & 913S

Size Range: 0.5"–4" (DN15-DN100)

Max Service Pressure: 0.5–1": 200 psig (13.8 bar) 1.5–2": 175 psig (12.1 bar) 3–4": 150 psig (10.3 bar)



Max Service Temperature: See Page D-10

Bonnet and Handwheel Material: 316 Stainless Steel

Corrosion Resistance:

Resists alcohol and most caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

Standard Features:

- Adjustable travel stop
- Protective cap
- Brass stem bushing
- Visual position indicator
- Permanent lubrication
- O-ring seals
- Bronze compressor
- Hygienic internals

**Optional Features:** 

- Sealed bonnets: 913S
- Adjustable opening stop
- Lockable
- Extended handwheel

Autoclavable Options:

- 913 (Unsealed)
- 913S (Sealed)

Valve	e Size		4	В			C	We	ight
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	lb	kg
0.50	15	3.00	76,2	3.65	92,7	2.78	70,6	0.72	0,33
0.75	20	3.00	76,2	4.57	116,0	3.44	87,2	1.8	0,82
1.00	25	3.00	76,2	5.54	140,8	4.21	107,0	2.3	1,05
1.50	40	5.50	139,7	8.44	214,2	5.34	135,5	7.8	3,55
2.00	50	5.50	139,7	9.06	230,0	5.96	151,3	8.4	3,82
2.50 <sup>1</sup>	65	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	13.0	5,90
3.00 <sup>1</sup>	80	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	19.0	8,64
4.00	100	10.00	254,0	14.90	378,6	10.24	260,2	32.0	14,55



### 903 Cast Iron Bonnet

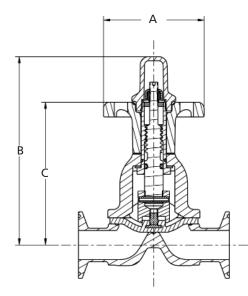
The 903 is an economical option for applications that do not require autoclavability. A selection of coatings makes the 903 suitable for a range of sanitary service including USDA 3A requirements.

Type: 903 & 903S

Size Range: 0.5-4" (DN15-DN100)

Max Service Pressure: 0.5–1": 200 psig (13.8 bar) 1.5–2": 175 psig (12.1 bar) 3–4": 150 psig (10.3 bar)

Max Service Temperature: See Page D-10



Bonnet Material: Cast iron with coating Coatings available: Atmospheric white epoxy and PVDF

Handwheel Material:

Glass reinforced polyarylsulfane (PAS) coated to match bonnet 0.5–1" (DN15–DN25) Cast iron with coating 1.5–4" (DN40–DN100)

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol and most semi-caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

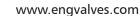
Standard Features:

- Adjustable travel stop
- Protective cap
- Brass stem bushing
- Visual position indicator
- Permanent lubrication
- O-ring seals
- Cast iron or zinc compressor

#### **Optional Features:**

- Sealed bonnets: 903S
- Hygienic internals
- Adjustable opening stop
- Bronze compressor
- Extended handwheel
- Lockable

Valve	e Size	A	4	В		с		We	ight
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	lb	kg
0.50	15	3.00	76,2	3.65	92,7	2.78	70,6	0.72	0,33
0.75	20	3.00	76,2	4.57	116,0	3.44	87,2	1.8	0,82
1.00	25	3.00	76,2	5.54	140,8	4.21	107,0	2.3	1,05
1.50	40	5.50	139,7	8.44	214,2	5.34	135,5	7.8	3,55
2.00	50	5.50	139,7	9.06	230,0	5.96	151,3	8.4	3,82
2.50 <sup>1</sup>	65	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	13.0	5,90
3.00 <sup>1</sup>	80	7.75	196,8	11.85	300,9	7.77	197,4	19.0	8,64
4.00	100	10.00	254,0	14.90	378,6	10.24	260,2	32.0	14,55



opworks



### Advantage® 2.0 and Advantage® Actuator

The Advantage is a diaphragm driven, compact, lightweight actuator designed to meet the stringent space constraints of the Bioprocessing and Pharmaceutical Industries. The unit is designed as an on/off pneumatic actuator available with three modes of closure.

Corrosion Resistance:

Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

Standard Features:

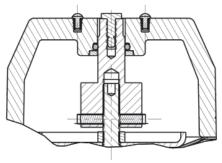
- Max air pressure: 90 psi
- Stainless steel bonnet
- Visual position indicator
- O-ring seals
- Hygienic internals
- Autoclavable
- Switch mounting bolt pattern



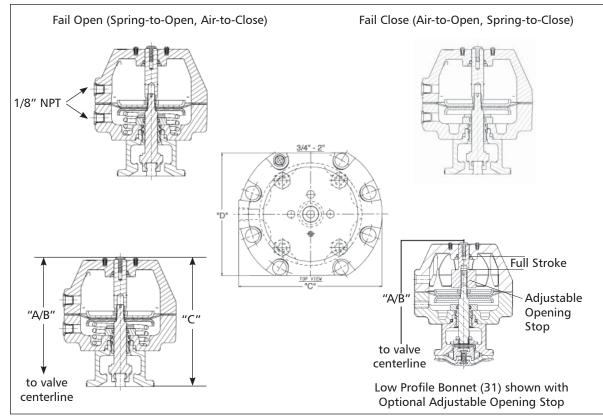
Optional Features:

- Adjustable opening stop
- Adjustable travel stop
- Solenoids available

Note: See page G-3-G-5 for actuator sizing.



Advantage AOS



### Weights and Dimensions for Advantage® Actuator 0.25" - 2"

#### Dimensions

Valve Size		A Valve Open		l With Limit	3 Switch, SP2	(	с	D		
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	
TC 0.25, 0.375, 0.5 <sup>1</sup>	8, 10, 15 <sup>1</sup>	4.33	110	9.23	234	2.84	72	2.50	63	
BW 0.25, 0.375, 0.5 <sup>2</sup>	8, 10, 15 <sup>2</sup>	4.40	112	9.30	236	2.84	72	2.50	63	
0.50	15	4.90	124	9.77	248	3.34	85	3.00	76	
0.75	20	5.99	152	10.78	274	4.56	116	3.88	98	
1.00	25	6.60	168	11.19	284	4.56	116	3.88	98	
1.50	40	10.55	268	14.89	378	6.41	163	5.94	151	
2.00	50	11.31	287	15.37	390	6.41	163	5.94	151	

<sup>1</sup> Bio-Tek valve series tri-clamp ends <sup>2</sup> Bio-Tek valve series buttweld ends

#### Actuator Weights (less body)

Valve Size		Double	Acting	Fail (	Open	Fail Close		
Inch	DN	Lbs.	Kg.	Lbs.	Kg.	Lbs.	Kg.	
0.25, 0.375, 0.5 <sup>1</sup>	8, 10, 15¹	1.25	0,57	1.31	0,59	1.37	0,62	
0.50	15	2.00	0,91	2.09	0,95	2.34	1,06	
0.75	20	3.69	1,67	3.78	1,71	4.34	1,97	
1.00	25	4.47	2,03	4.59	2,08	5.16	2,34	
1.50	40	12.10	5,49	12.60	5,71	16.44	7,46	
2.00	50	15.16	6,88	15.66	7,10	19.50	8,84	

<sup>1</sup> Bio-Tek sizes

### Series 33 Advantage® Actuator

The Series 33 Advantage Actuators extend the size range of the Advantage Actuator product line to 3" and 4" valves. The Series 33 Advantage Actuators have been introduced to further reduce the dimensional envelope and weight for installations in the Pharmaceutical/ Bioprocessing industries. The Series 33 4" Spring to Close actuator is 25% smaller in diameter, has 22% reduction in height and offers a 32% reduction in weight than a comparable 4" Series 47 actuator.

Type: Series 33 Advantage Actautor

Size Range: 3-4" (DN80-DN100)

Operating Modes: Fail Close\*, Fail Open, Double Acting

Max Service Pressure/Temperature: 150 psig (10.34 bar) 300°F (149°C)

External Temperature Limitations: 150°F (66°C)



Bonnet Material: Nylon coated ductile iron

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns.



For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

Standard Features:

- Visual position indicator
- O-ring seals

**Dimensions** 

Valve Size

DN

80

100

<sup>1</sup> With Limit Switch SP2

Inch

3.00

4.00

• Switch mounting bolt pattern

**Optional Features:** 

- Hygienic internals
- Solenoids available

Α

13.00 230,2

mm

254,0

Inch

10.00

\*Springs self-contained (Fail close only) Note: See page H-3-H-5 for actuator sizing.

В

mm

366,7

401,7

Inch

14.44

15.82

 $C^1$ 

mm

498,8

Inch

19.64

21.02

D

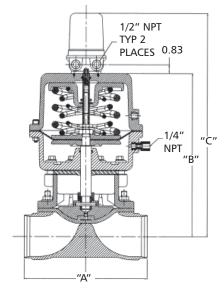
mm

268,5

Inch

10.57

533,8 10.57 268,5



#### Actuator Weights (less body)

Valve Size		Double	Acting	Fail (	Jaan	Fail Close				
valve s	alve Size Double Acting		Fail Open		60#		90#			
Inch	DN	Lbs.	Kg.	Lbs.	Kg.	Lbs.	Kg.	Lbs.	Kg.	
3.00 (33)	80	39.00	17,69	42.30	19,19	54.20	24,59	58.00	26,31	
4.00 (33)	100	44.00	19,96	47.30	21,46	59.20	26,85	63.00	28,58	

www.engvalves.com

### Series 47 Advantage<sup>®</sup> Actuator

The Series 47 Advantage Actuators extend the size range of the Advantage Actuator product line to 3" and 4" valves. Similar to the smaller valve sized Advantage Actuators, the 3–4" series 47 (DN80-DN100) actuator is also diaphragm driven, o-ring furnished and available in three modes of operation. The actuator design features the same dimensional envelope regardless of operation mode.

Type: Series 47 Advantage Actuator

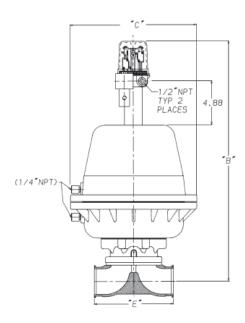
Size Range: 3–4" (DN80–DN100)

Operating Modes: Fail Close\*, Fail Open, Double Acting

Max Service Pressure/Temperature: 150 psig (10.34 bar) 300°F (149°C)

External Temperature Limitations: 150°F (66°C)

Actuator Cover Material: Vinyl-Ester Thermoset (FDA compliant)



Bonnet Material: Nylon coated ductile iron

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns.

For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

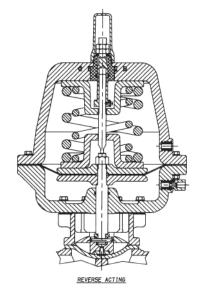
Standard Features:

- Visual position indicator
- O-ring seals
- Adjustable Opening Stop (AOS)
- Adjustable Travel Stop (ATS)
- Switch mounting bolt pattern

#### **Optional Features:**

- Hygienic internals
- Solenoids available

\*Springs self-contained (Fail close only) Note: See page G3-G-5 for actuator sizing.



#### Dimensions

Valve Size		ŀ	4	B1		с		D	
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm
3.00	80	21.51	546	27.08	688	14.00	356	8.75	222
4.00	100	22.90	582	28.47	723	14.00	356	11.50	292

<sup>1</sup> With Limit Switch SP2

### **Advantage Piston Actuator - APA®**

The APA was designed to provide a smaller dimensional envelope than the Advantage Actuator product line while satisfying the basic needs of the Bioprocessing and Pharmaceutical industries.

Type: Advantage Piston Actuator (APA)

Size Range: 0.5-2" (DN15-DN50)

Mode of Operation: Fail close (Reverse acting) pneumatic piston actuator.

Service Pressure/Temperature: Max Service Pressure: 150 psig (10.34 bar) Max Service Temperature: 292°F (145°C)

Bonnet Material: 316 Stainless Steel

Cylinder/Cover Material: Polybutylene terephthalate (PBT) FDA compliant to 21CFR 177.1660 Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns. For specific chemical resistance, consult factory.

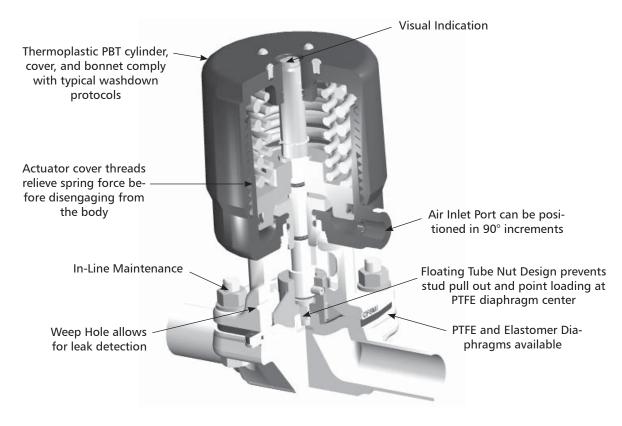
Standard Features:

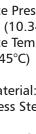
- Visual position indicator
- Permanent lubrication
- O-ring seals
- Switch mounting bolt pattern
- Hygienic internals

**Optional Features:** 

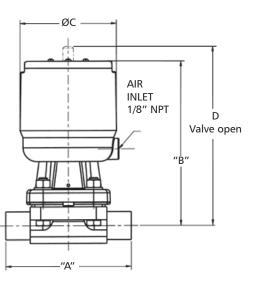
- Adjustable opening stop
- Switch packages
- Solenoids available

Note: See page G-8 for actuator sizing.





### Weights and Dimensions for Advantage Piston Actuator (APA)



#### Dimensions

Valve Size		А		В		С		D	
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm
0.50	15	3.50	89,8	4.53	115,0	2.75	69,9	4.90	124,4
0.75	20	4.00	101,6	5.34	135,6	3.38	85,9	5.80	147,3
1.00	25	4.50	114,3	5.90	149,8	3.38	85,9	6.42	163,0
1.50	40	5.50	139,7	9.53	242,0	5.00	127,0	10.34	262,7
2.00	50	6.25	158,7	10.07	255,8	5.00	127,0	11.18	284,1

### Actuator Weights (less body)

Valve	e Size	Actuator Weight			
Inch	DN	lb.	Kg.		
0.50	15	1.80	0,81		
0.75	20	3.23	1,46		
1.00	25	3.62	1,64		
1.50	40	11.75	5,32		
2.00	50	13.30	6,03		

### **Advantage Excel - Series S Actuator (AXS)**

The Advantage Excel - Series S (AXS) is the latest addition to the process proven Advantage Actuator product line. Designed as a maintenance free actuator, it is engineered to handle the most demanding requirements of the bioprocessing and pharmaceutical industries. The stainless steel construction of the AXS is suited for severe duty applications, such as SIP and high cycle applications. It has been subjected to extensive life cycle testing far exceeding industry requirements.

The compact size of the AXS provides the utmost in design flexibility. It allows for space saving process designs further minimizing hold up volumes which are critical to increasing efficiency and in the end saving time and money. Engineering improvements in the AXS offer a cost-effective alternative for clean room use, lab environments and other critical applications. With a stainless steel exterior the AXS is perfect for clean room applications requiring both aesthetics and wash down compatibility.

All of this makes the AXS a versatile, feature packed, cost effective option for the demanding Biopharm industry

Type: Piston Actuator

Size Range: BP, 0.5-2" (DN8-50) <sup>1</sup> <sup>1</sup> Not available in Bio-Tek size.

Operating Modes: Fail Close, Fail Open, Double Acting

Max Service Pressure: 150 psig (10 bar) See sizing charts on pg. G-6-G-8 for exact shutoff pressures

Max Service Temperature: 300°F (150°C)



Max Autoclave Temperature: 300°F (150°C)

Max Actuator Chamber Pressure: 100 psig (7 bar)

Corrosion Resistance: Resists alcohol, chloride and most caustic washdowns.

Valve Size Fail Close					Fail C	l Open Double Acting							
Upper Chamber		Chamber	Lower Chamber		Upper Chamber		Lower Chamber		Upper Chamber		Lower Chamber		
Inch	DN	in³	cm³	in³	cm³	in³	cm³	in³	cm³	in³	cm³	in³	cm <sup>3</sup>
BP	BP	1.49	24,47	1.08	17,70	1.60	26.24	1.27	20,86	1.60	26,24	1.48	24,20
0.50	15	4.2	68,7	1.9	31,8	2.8	46,0	3.8	61,6	3.8	62,1	2.4	39,4
0.75	20	12.1	197,8	4.0	65,7	6.4	104,9	10.1	166,1	13.1	214,8	4.7	76,3
1.00	25	12.8	209,0	4.7	76,6	7.1	116,2	10.8	177,0	13.8	226,0	5.3	87,2
1.50	40	30.1	493,5	11.0	179,8	19.6	321,2	24.5	401,3	36.2	593,0	11.7	191,3
2.00	50	48.5	794,7	20.8	340,7	37.5	614,1	39.1	641,0	59.2	970,3	21.6	354,8

### Approximate Maximum Chamber Volume

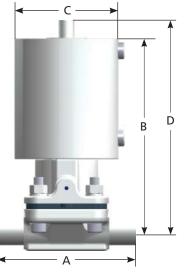
# Actuator Weights (Including Actuator and Forged Body)

#### Actuator Weights (Less Body and Diaphragm)

Valve Size		Fail C	Close	Fail C	Dpen	Double Acting			
Inch	DN	Lbs.	Kg	Lbs.	Kg	Lbs.	Kg		
BP	BP	1.5	0,7	1.5	0,7	1.5	0,7		
0.50	15	4.0	1,8	3.9	1,8	3.9	1,8		
0.75	20	7.3	3,3	7.1	3,2	6.6	3,0		
1.00	25	8.4	3,8	8.2	3,7	7.7	3,5		
1.50	40	16.6	7,5	15.5	7,0	14.4	6,5		
2.00	50	24.7	11,2	22.4	10,2	21.0	9,5		

Valve	Valve Size		Close	Fail (	Open	Double Acting		
Inch	DN	Lbs.	Kg	Lbs.	Kg	Lbs.	Kg	
BP	BP	1.2	0,55	1.2	0,55	1.2	0,55	
0.50	15	3.5	1,6	3.4	1,5	3.4	1,5	
0.75	20	6.4	2,9	6.2	2,8	5.7	2,6	
1.00	25	6.8	3,1	6.6	3,0	6.1	2,8	
1.50	40	13.3	6,0	12.2	5,5	11.1	5,0	
2.00	50	19.3	8,7	16.9	7,7	15.5	7,0	

#### Dimensional Data with Forged Body



#### Valve Stroke

Valve Size	Approx. Stroke
BP	0.16″
BP	4,1 mm
0.50″	0.25″
DN 15	6,3 mm
0.75″	0.30″
DN 20	7,6 mm
1.00″	0.40″
DN 25	10,1 mm
1.50″	0.56″
DN 40	14,2 mm
2.00″	0.78″
DN 50	19,8 mm

Valve Size			4	В		с		D (open)	
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	Inch	mm
BP	BP	3.5	89,0	3.55	90,2	1.75	44,5	3.9	99,1
0.50	15	3.50	88,9	4.43	112,5	2.61	66,3	4.80	121,8
0.75	20	4.00	101,6	5.62	142,6	3.36	85,3	6.01	152,8
1.00	25	4.50	114,3	6.26	159,0	3.36	85,3	6.78	172,2
1.50	40	5.50	139,7	8.49	215,5	4.15	105,4	9.18	233,1
2.00	50	6.25	158,8	9.39	238,6	4.90	124,5	10.30	261,7

### **Dia-Flo® Actuator**

The Dia-Flo actuator, diaphragm driven and pneumatically operated, is a process proven actuator suitable for both the Pure-Flo and Dia-Flo product lines. The Dia-Flo actuator is recommended as an alternative to the Advantage Actuator for applications in which the line pressure or available plant air pressure is not within the advantage actuator parameters.

Type: Dia-Flo

#### Size Range:

Available in seven interchangeable sizes and can be readily mounted to any size valve with the proper size bonnet. See Dia-Flo catalog DV for actuator sizing

Actuator Materials: Aluminum Ductile iron - optional

Corrosion Resistant Coatings: White epoxy PVDF Nylon

Bonnet Materials: Ductile iron Stainless steel – optional

Actuator Air Pressure: 85 psi (5.9 bar) max Options:

- Adjustable opening stop
- Adjustable travel stop<sup>1</sup>
- Hygienic internals
- Visual position indicator
- Wrench or handwheel operated
- Manual overrides
- Solenoids available

<sup>1</sup>Adjustable travel stop is standard on all fail close actuators (except 3212)

#### Dualrange<sup>®</sup> Control Valve

The Dualrange control valve is the first diaphragm valve designed expressly for control work. Available in 1–6" sizes, it combines all the advantages of ITT weir-type diaphragm valves with greatly improved throttling characteristics. The Dualrange utilizes the Dia-Flo actuator and has greater rangeability than other diaphragm valves, due to the dual nested compressors unique to Pure-Flo. Refer to the Dia-Flo catalog DV at www.engvalves.com for more information.





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### **Automation and Control**

ITT is a world leader in the design and manufacture of aseptic diaphragm valves. We also strive to offer our customers the latest technology for the networking, monitoring and control of these valves. Whether it be as simple as on/ off switch or a more complicated positioner or networked feedback device, we can supply our customer's needs for a complete automated valve with precise control requirements.

Our accessories are simple to mount and set, and are compact enough to be easily installed and maintained where space is at a premium.

Many of our accessories have been installed in other industries such as oil and petrochemical, chemical, pulp and paper, mining and power plants across the world, as well as in less demanding environments.

Our accessory portfolio includes our VSP and SP2 switch devices as well as our Moore positioners. To handle our customers' network needs, we are introducing the ConnectITT series of network hardware. This product line was designed to offer the customer a tremendous savings on their network needs. Where required, we can also provide control devices for more demanding hazardous location applications.

While ITT strives for "One Valve – One Source – One Soulution" for our customers' valve needs, we recognize that we may need to offer alternative solutions for their valve controls. We continue to utilize the latest emerging technologies in our product offerings. Along with our dedicated and experienced engineering staff, we can combine our own products with those of 3rd party suppliers to provide the customer with the best and most economical solution for their particular needs.

Providing a valve to fit your application and not your application to fit our valve; this is what ITT is all about.









### Value Switch Package (VSP)

The VSP is a switch package engineered with cost effectiveness, simplicity and flexibility in mind. The VSP maintains a small dimensional envelope for process piping installations where space is at a premium. The VSP is offered with a complete range of mechanical switches and proximity sensors to meet your electrical and control system specifications.

The VSP is a perfect compliment to both the Advantage<sup>®</sup> and Advantage<sup>®</sup> Piston Actuator lines of pneumatic actuation.





#### US Metric DN8-DN50 Size Range 0.25-2" Temperature 140°F 60°C Switch Selection Mechanical and Proximity (see chart) Housing Material Polyamide, FDA compliant **Cover Material** Polysulfone, FDA compliant Wire Gauge 12 Gauge max. input One M20 conduit port, located radially at any position, **Conduit Port** 360° (1/2"-NPT adapter available) Nema: Nema 4X **Enclosure Rating** Ingress Protection Rating: IP66 VSPN: CE, cCSAus, FM, ATEX VSPP Sensor: CE, cULus Switch Certifications VSPZ: CE, cULus VSPS48, VSPG30: cULus Terminal Strip: CE, cULus Intrinsically Safe - FM, ATEX, cCSAus approved Group II, category 1D T6 Hazardous Ratings for Group II, category 1G/2G T6 VSPN with Approved Class I, II & III, Division 1, Groups A-G T6 Amplifier/Barrier Entity Parameters: Vmax=15V, Imax=50mA, Pmax=120mW, Ci=80nF, Li=110µH

Note: VSP is not autoclavable

#### Specifications

Order Code	Switch Type	Switch Contact/ Output Amperage		Voltage
VSPS48	Mechanical	Silver SPDT	6A	12-48 VAC/DC
VSPS240	Mechanical	Silver SPDT	10A	240 VAC/DC
VSPG30	Mechanical	Gold SPDT	100 mA	30 VAC/DC
VSPZ	Proximity	2 Wire "Z"	200 mA	5-36 VDC
VSPN	Proximity	2 Wire Namur	1 mA	7.5-30 VDC
VSPP	Proximity	3 Wire PNP	200 mA	10-36 VDC

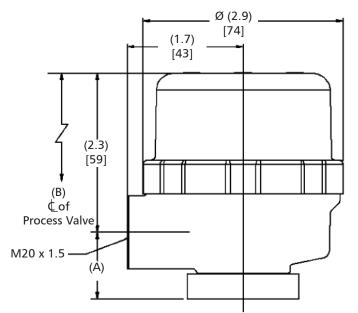
### Value Switch Package (VSP)



Mechanical

Proximity

### **Dimensions**



_		4	В					
Valve Size		•	APA Actuator		Advantage Actuator			
0.20	in	in mm		mm	in	mm		
BT	1.00	25.4	7.51	190.8	7.39	187.7		
0.5	1.00	25.4	7.79	197.9	7.83	198.9		
0.75	1.00	25.4	8.63	219.2	8.82	224.0		
1	1.00	2.54	9.18	233.2	9.28	235.7		
1.5	1.50	38.1	13.30	337.8	13.45	341.6		
2	1.50	38.1	13.84	351.5	14.07	357.4		

Note: Dimensions are with elastomer diaphragm and buttweld forged bodies.

As automation becomes increasingly more important, the need for an accurate and reliable control system for your system is vital. The SP2 switch not only complies with industry standards but is a great solution for your automation needs. The SP2 product line is complete with a full range of mechanical switches and proximity sensors to meet your valve control system requirements.

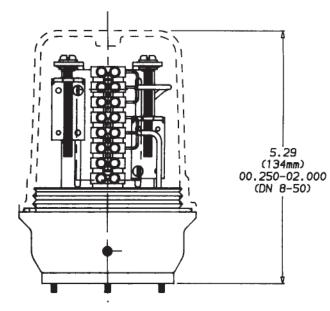


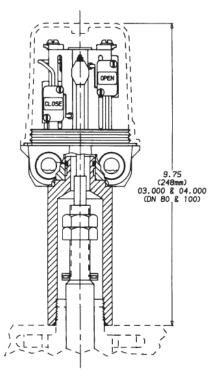
#### Specifications

	US	Metric		
Size Range	0.25–4″	DN8-DN100		
Temperature	150°F	65°C		
Switch Selection	Mechanical and Pr	oximity (see chart)		
Housing Material	Polyarylsulfone (PAS) Ther Maximum temperat	moplastic FDA compliant. ure is 300°F (149°C).		
Cover Material	Polyarylsulfone (PAS) Ther Maximum temperat	moplastic FDA compliant. ure is 300°F (149°C).		
Wire Gauge	12 Gau	ge Max		
Conduit Port	Two 1/2" NPT conduit ports. Package can be rotated at 45° increments.			
Enclosure Rating	Nema: Nema 4x Ingress Protection Rating: IP66			
Switch Certifications	SP2S:CSA, UL SP2G:CSA, UL SP2Z:CE, cULus SP2N:CE, cCSAus, FM, ATEX SP2P:ce, cULus SP2B:CE, CSA, cULus, CCC Terminal strip: UL, CSA			
Hazardous Ratings for SP2N with Approved Amplifier/Barrier	Group II, cat Group II, cate Class I, II & III, Divisio Entity Parameters: Vm	ATEX, cCSAus Approved regory 1D T6 gory 1G/2G T6 on 1, Groups A-G T6 ax=15V, Imax=50mA, i=80nF, Li=110µH		

Note: SP2 is not autoclavable

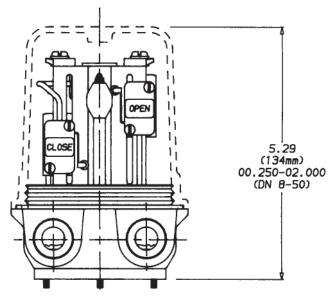
Order Code	Switch Type	Switch Contact/ Output	Amperage	Voltage
SP2S	Mechanical	Silver	10A	250 VAC
3FZ3	Mechanica	Silver	250 mA	250 VDC
SP2G	Mechanical	Gold	1 A	125 VAC
SP2Z	Proximity	2 Wire "Z"	100 mA	30 VDC
SP2N	Proximity	2 Wire Namur	3 mA	24 VDC
SP2P	Proximity	3 Wire PNP	100 mA	30 VDC
SP2NP	Proximity	3 Wire NPN	100 mA	30 VDC





3" - 4" (DN 80-100) Series 47 Only

Bio-Tek - 2" (DN 8-50) and Series 33 Back View



Bio-Tek - 2" (DN 8-50) and Series 33 Front View

The SP3 is specifically designed for a broad range of Pharmaceutical and Bio-Processing applications. The SP3 provides a small dimensional envelope while increasing the design flexibility. The SP3 is offered in a variety of options including mechanical switches and proximity sensors in both 2 and 3 wire.

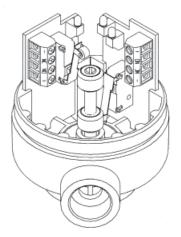


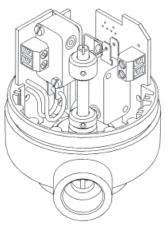
#### **Specifications**

	US	Metric		
Size Range	0.25–2″	DN8-DN50		
Temperature	140°F	60°C		
Switch Selection	Mechanical and Pr	oximity (see chart)		
Housing Material	Polyamide, FE	A compliant.		
Cover Material	Polysulfone, F Maximum temperat			
Wire Gauge	16 Gau	ge Max		
Conduit Port	One 1/2" NPT con radially at any			
Enclosure Rating	Nema: Nema 4x Ingress Protection Rating: IP65			
Switch Certifications	SP3S48:NF, UL, CUL SP3S110:NF, UL, CUL SP3S240:NF, UL, CUL SP3G30:NF, UL, CUL SP3GSA:NF, UL, CUL SP3Z:cULus, cCSAus, FM SP3N:cULus, FM, cCSAus, Ex Cenelec SP3P:CE SP3NP:CE			
Hazardous Ratings for SP3N with Approved Amplifier/Barrier	Terminal strip: UL, CSA Intrinsically Safe - FM, Ex Cenelec cCSAus Approved Class I, II & III, Division 1, Groups A-G T6 Entity Parameters: Vmax=16V, Imax=25mA, Pmax=34mW, Ci=40nF, Li=50µH			

Note: SP3 is not autoclavable

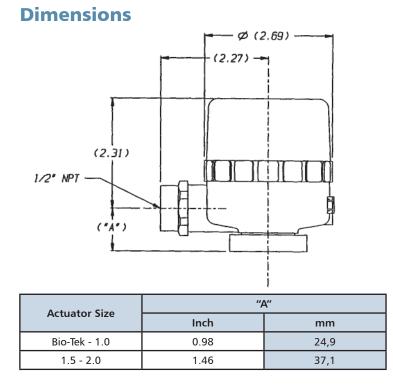
Order Code	Switch Type	Switch Contact/ Output	Amperage	Voltage
SP3S240	Mechanical	Silver	10 A	110-230 VAC/DC
SP3S110	Mechanical	Silver	10 A	48-110 VAC/DC
SP3S48	Mechanical	Silver	12A	12-48 VAC/DC
SP3G30	Mechanical	Gold	100 mA	12-30 VAC/DC
SP3Z	Proximity	2 Wire "Z"	100 mA	10-30 VDC
SP3N	Proximity	2 Wire Namur	3 mA	5-25 VDC
SP3P	Proximity	3 Wire PNP	200 mA	10-30 VDC
SP3NP	Proximity	3 Wire NPN	200 mA	10-30 VDC





Mechanical

Proximity



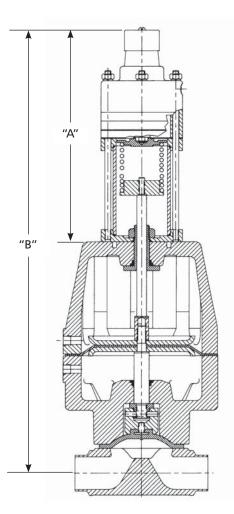
Automation and Control

### Positioner

For throttling and flow control applications, the direct mounted Siemens (formerly Moore) Positioner with Advantage<sup>®</sup> Actuator is a compact and reliable solution.

#### **Features:**

- Pneumatic Siemens 73-series positioner
- Operates on 3-15 psi (0.2-1.0 bar)
- A transducer can be adapted to handle an I/P conversion from a typical 4-20 mA
- Close-coupled design allows for direct air loading from the Siemens positioner to the upper actuator chamber in Air to Open - Air to Close and Fail Open actuators
- The transparent tubing and red spring disc allows for visual position verification





Valve	ve Size A		В		
Inch	DN	Inch	cm	Inch	cm
0.75	20	8.34	212	14.06	357
1.00	25	8.34	212	14.06	367
1.50	40	9.06	230	18.81	478
2.00	50	9.06	230	19.28	490
3.00 <sup>1</sup>	80	9.81	249	27.03	687
4.00 <sup>1</sup>	100	9.81	249	28.23	717

<sup>1</sup> Dimensions reflect 47 acuator

### **ConnectITT - Network Block**

The ITT Network Block combines standard discrete ITT switches to create a network for valves. The installed cost of this simple network is significantly less than traditional networked valves with DeviceNet nodes built in. Networked valves are not really "smart" and have no diagnostics or intelligence built in. If you need to know if the valve is open or closed and be able to turn the valve on and off, the Network Block is your solution.

The Network Block will also allow you to retrofit existing discrete valve installations so they can communicate with network systems. The Network Block is capable of connecting up to four valve switches. Additionally, it can power up to four additional devices requiring up to 0.5 A.

#### **Features and Benefits**

- Connects four valves to the DeviceNet
- Valves are "Non-Smart" or standard issue
- Regularly stocked valves that you have always used can be part of the network
- Allows connection of PNP or 2 wire switches and low wattage solenoid with spring return
- Bottom four ports are available for solenoids only or for Double-Acting Solenoids
- Impossible to improperly connect the valve to the valve block
- The 5 pin receptacle is factory mounted or field mounted in the valve
- One cordset connects the valve to the valve block

#### Advantages

- Fast and easy to install
- Less wire and labor is required compared to traditional networked valves
- Commissioning and debuging time is less than traditional networked valves
- Cost Savings!
  - Switch costs less than a DeviceNet switch
  - Wiring cost is reduced
  - Installation cost is reduced
  - Less I/O points (each block is a node vs. each switch)
  - Less bandwidth on the network is required, which will reduce overhead cost



#### How DeviceNet<sup>™</sup> Works

DeviceNet protocol is used to control and transfer data. It is a low cost communications protocol that connects and networks industrial devices such as limit switches, photoelectric sensors, valve manifolds, motor starters, process sensors, bar code readers, variable frequency drives, panel displays and operator interfaces, among other things.

The DeviceNet network eliminates point-to-point wiring by allowing direct connection to control devices. The direct connection provides improved communication between devices, as well as important device-level diagnostics not easily accessible or available through point-to-point I/O interfaces. DeviceNet is dedicated to the network and connected to PLCs by a single network cable. The stations obtain and transmit messages to the network via these PLCs and are typically programmed by a computer.

Devices connected to DeviceNet stations can also be hot swapped, which means they can be removed and replaced without affecting other operations connected to the station.

A DeviceNet network supports up to 64 nodes and virtually an unlimited amount of I/O. The bus uses a trunkline-dropline topology, where bus power and communication are supplied on a single cable. Bus power is 24 VDC and supplies current to operate the nodes and (typically) power input devices. Some DeviceNet stations require an additional 24 VDC auxiliary power to supply current for outputs.

DeviceNet is a flexible network with the capability of bridging other networks such as PROFIBUS<sup>®</sup>, As-interface<sup>®</sup>, RS485, etc. Further, multiple manufacturers' products are compatible with DeviceNet, thereby allowing stations to be added to existing operations with the ability to connect to virtually any device.

### **ConnectITT - Network Block**

Input Circuits	(8) PNP 3-wire sensors or dry contacts
Input Voltage	11-26 VDC
Input Short-Circuit	<700 mA (total,
	short-circuit protected)
Input Signal Current	OFF <2 mA
(Input)	ON 2.5-3.2 mA at 24 VDC
Input Delay	2.5 ms

Output Circuits(8) DC actuatorsOutput Voltage11-26 VDCOutput Load Current0.5 A per outputMaximum Switching100 HzFrequencyFrequency

Adjustments	
Address	0-63 via rotary switch
Housing	220 x 60 x 40 (H x W x D)
Material	Glass filled nylon with nickel plated brass connectors
Mounting	4 through-holes, 5.3 diameter
Enclosure	NEMA 1, 3, 4, 6, 6P, 12, 13 and IP 67, 68, and 69K
Operating Temperature	-40° to 70°C (-40° to 158° F)

#### **Module Specifications**

#### Supply Voltage

11-26 VDC, powers
communication and I/O
≤75 mA plus sum of sensor
and output currents (from
bus power)

#### I/O LED Indications

Off = Not Active Green = Active

#### **Module Status LED**

Off = Power off Green = Operating Flashing Green = Autobaud Flashing Red = I/O short

#### **Network Status LED**

Off = No connection Green = Established connection Flashing Green = Ready for connection Flashing Red = Connection time-out Red = Connection not possible

I/O Data Mapping Item Number: F0148 Product Type/Code: 7/2369

	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
Input	0	I-7	I-6	I-5	I-4	I-3	I-2	I-1	I-0
Data	1	OS-7	OS-6	OS-5	OS-4	OS-3	OS-2	OS-1	OS-0
	2	IGS	OGS						
Output Data	Byte	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
	0	0-7	O-6	O-5	0-4	O-3	0-2	0-1	O-0

#### Abbreviations

I = Input Data (0=OFF, 1=ON) O = Output Data (0=OFF, 1=ON) OGS = Output Group Status (0=Working, 1=Fault) IGS = Input Group Status (0=Working, 1=Fault)

### Table of Contents

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### Advantage<sup>®</sup> and Advantage<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Actuator Sizing - Fail Close

				Fa	il Clos	e Actua	ators -	Air-To-	Open,	Spring	-To-Clo	se (Rev	/erse A	(cting)				
	Actuator						M	aximu	m Line	Pressu	ıre (psi	g)						Air pressure re-
									Valv	e Size								quired to open for
	and Spring Pack-				100 9	% ∆P							0%	ΔP				full stroke at 0 psi
	age	BT <sup>2</sup>	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	3″	4″	BT <sup>2</sup>	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	3″	4″	line presure
	A203/B203 60#	150	ĺ	Í		İ	ĺ		ĺ	150		ĺ		ĺ		ĺ	Ì	55
	A204/B204 90#	150								150								75
	A205/B205 60#		110								90							50
lε	A206/B206 90#	i – –	150	Í		İ – – –	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ	150	ĺ		ĺ		ĺ	Ì	90
aphragm	A208/B208 60#	i – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – – –	Ì	100		İ 🗌	ĺ		ĺ	ĺ		60		ĺ		Î 👘	Î 👘	45
Pr:	A208/B208 60#	i — —	1		150	i —	1		1	1			80			1	1	60
ap	A209/B209 90#	İ	İ	150	150	İ			1	ĺ		120	130			ĺ	İ	90
<u> </u>	A216/B216 60#					100								65				50
e	A216/B216 60#						70								30			60
ΙĔ	A217/B217 90#					150	150							130	75			90
Elastom	A233 60#							95	70							60	35	62
las	A234 90#							150	110							92	50	85
ш	A247 60#							150								92		57
	A247 60#								119								59	60
	A248 80#							150								150		76
	A248 80#								150								93	82
	A203/B203 60#	70								55						<u> </u>		55
	A204/B204 90#	150								125	150						<u> </u>	75
	A206/B206 90#	ļ	150	4.40		<u> </u>					150	70				<u> </u>	ļ	90
-	A208/B208 60#	<u> </u>	150	140	100	<u> </u>					100	70	35			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	60
aphragm <sup>1</sup>	A208/B208 60# A209/B209 90#			150	150							80	80					70 90
Ira				150	150	125						00	80	70				50
4 La	A216/B216 60# A216/B216 60#					125	60							/0	45			60
Dia	A217/B217 90#					150	150							125	70			90
	A217/B217 90#		-			1 1 30	1 1 30	50	30					125		20	15	62
PTFE	A234 90#	i —	i –			i —	i – –	105	60	i – –						45	30	85
<u>م</u>	A247 60#	i	i	i		i	İ	133	70	i		i		i		68	i	61
	A247 60#	i – – –	i	i		i – –	i			i		i i		i i			41	62
	A248 80#	İ	İ	i i		İ	İ	150	İ	İ		İ		i i		1114	1	82
	A248 80#	İ	Ì	İ		İ			150	ĺ		ĺ		ĺ		ĺ	70	90

				F	ail Clo	se Act	uators	- Air-To	o-Open,	Spring	-To-Clo	se (Re	verse A	(cting)				
	Actuator							Maxim	um Line	e Press	ure (ba	ır)						Air pressure re-
									Valve	e Size								quired to open for
	and Spring Pack-				100	% ∆P							0%	ώΔP				full stroke at 0 bar
	age	BT <sup>2</sup>	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	DN80	DN100	BT <sup>2</sup>	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	DN80	DN100	line presure
	A203/B203 60#	10.34								10.34		i i	i i		i i	i –		3.79
	A204/B204 90#									10.34		İ	İ		İ	İ		5,17
	A205/B205 60#	1	7,58				Ì				6,21	1	1	Ì	1	İ 👘		3,45
3	A206/B206 90#		10,34								10,34							6,21
5	A208/B208 60#			6,89								4,14						3,10
phra	A208/B208 60#				10,34								5,52					4,14
d	A209/B209 90#			10,34	10,34							8,27	8,96					6,21
Dia	A216/B216 60#					6,89								4,48				3,45
	A216/B216 60#						4,83								2,07			4,14
Elastomer	A217/B217 90#					10,34	10,34							8,96	5,17			6,21
ē	A233 60#							6,55	4,83							4,14	2,41	4,28
ast	A234 90#							10,34	7,59							6,34	3,45	5,86
	A247 60#							10,34								6,34		3,93
	A247 60#								8,20								4,07	4,14
	A248 80#							10,34								10,34		5,24
	A248 80#								10,34								6,41	5,65
	A203/B203 60#									3,79								3,79
		10,34								8,62								5,17
	A206/B206 90#		10,34								10,34							6,21
-	A208/B208 60#		10,34	9,65							6,89	4,83						4,14
gm <sup>1</sup>	A208/B208 60#				6,89								2,41					4,83
aç	A209/B209 90#			10,34	10,34							5,52	5,52					6,21
phra	A216/B216 60#					8,62								4,83				3,45
ap	A216/B216 60#						4,14								3,10			4,14
Dia	A217/B217 90#					<u>10,34</u>	10,34							8,82	4,83			6,21
Ш	A233 60#	Ļ						3,45	2,07	L		L	L	ļ	L	1,38		4,28
PTFE	A234 90#	Ļ					ļ	7,24	4,14	Ļ	ļ	Ļ	Ļ	ļ	Ļ	3,10	2,07	5,86
_	A247 60#	Ļ					ļ	9,17	4,83	Ļ	ļ	Ļ	Ļ	ļ	Ļ	4,69		4,21
	A247 60#	<u> </u>						40.01		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ļ		2,83	4,27
	A248 80#	Ļ						10,34	40.25	Ļ		ļ	ļ		Ļ	7,86	4.02	5,65
	A248 80#								10,34								4,83	6,21

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%. <sup>2</sup> Bio-Tek includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15). Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle P$  Pressure Drop definition.



### Advantage® and Advantage® 2.0 Actuator Sizing - Fail Open

				F	ail Op	oen Ao	tuato	ors - A	ir-To-C	Close,	Spring	g-To-O	pen (l	Direct	Actin	g)					
								Air P	ressur	e Requ	iired t	o Clos	e (psig	I)							
	Size	Bio-	Tek <sup>2</sup>	0.	5″	0.7	'5″	1	"	1.	5″	2	"	3	"	4	"	3	"	4	."
	Actuator	A103/	/B103	A105,	/B105	A108,	/B108	A108,	/B108	A116,	/B116	A116,	/B116	A1	33	A1	33	A1	47	A1	47
	Line										%	ΔP									
	Pressure	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	20	38	40	38	45	38	55	28	40	36	40	40	45	44	46	48	55	32	37	30	40
ے <u>د</u>	40	40	42	40	50	42	60	32	45	38	44	45	50	50	58	55	69	41	44	36	47
mer agm	60	42	44	44	55	46	65	36	55	42	48	50	60	55	66	64	85	42	49	42	56
stome	80	46	48	48	60	50	70	40	60	44	52	56	70	61	76	72	90	44	56	48	66
Elastor Diaphra	100	48	52	50	65	52	75	45	70	48	56	60	75	66	90	80	-	52	65	53	79
	125	52	56	54	70	60	85	50	75	50	60	64	80	78	-	90	-	63	73	59	90
	150	56	60	58	75	68	-	55	85	52	65	68	-	81	-	-	-	71	83	65	-
	20	42	50	46	66	55	55	50	55	45	52	48	50	64	60	78	80	36	53	46	48
Ē	40	44	52	50	68	58	60	55	60	50	56	50	60	68	78	84	90	44	60	52	66
E gu	60	48	56	52	72	60	65	60	65	55	60	56	70	74	88	90	-	51	75	56	74
PTFE	80	52	60	56	76	65	70	65	70	60	64	64	80	78	-	-	-	55	85	62	81
σ	100	54	65	60	82	68	75	70	80	64	68	70	90	84	-	-	-	57	-	70	90
ā	125	58	70	64	86	74	80	75	-	68	72	76	-	90	-	-	-	59	-	79	-
	150	62	75	68	-	80	85	80	-	72	76	82	-	-	-	-	-	63	-	83	-

				F	ail Op	oen Ao	ctuato	ors - A	ir-To-C	lose,	Spring	g-To-O	pen (	Direct	Actin	g)					
								Air P	ressur	e Requ	uired t	o Clos	e (bar	)							
	Size	Bio-	Tek <sup>2</sup>	DN	115	DN	20	DN	25	DN	40	DN	150	DN	80	DN	100	DN	180	DN	100
	Actuator	A103,	/B103	A105,	/B105	A108,	/B108	A108,	/B108	A116,	/B116	A116,	/B116	A1	33	A1	33	A1	47	A1	47
	Line										%	ΔP									
	Pressure	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	1,38	2,62	2,76	2,62	3,10	2,62	3,79	1,93	2,76	2,48	2,76	2,76	3,10	3,03	3,17	3,31	3,79	2,21	2,55	2,07	2,76
L _ E	2,76	2,76	2,90	2,21	3,45	2,70	4,14	2,21	3,10	2,62	3,03	3,10	3,45	3,45	4,00	3,79	4,76	2,83	3,03	2,48	3,24
nel	4,14	2,90	3,03	3,03	3,79	3,17	4,48	2,48	3,79	2,90	3,31	3,45	4,14	3,79	4,55	4,41	5,86	2,90	3,38	2,90	3,86
hr	5,52	3,17	3,31	3,31	4,14	3,45	4,83	2,76	4,14	3,03	3,56	3,86	4,83	4,21	5,24	4,97	6,21	3,03	3,86	3,31	4,55
Elastomer Diaphragm	6,89	3,31	3,59	3,45	4,48	3,59	5,17	3,10	4,83	3,31	3,86	4,14	5,17	4,55	6,21	5,52	-	3,59	4,48	3,65	5,45
	8,62	3,59	3,86	3,72	4,83	4,14	5,86	3,45	5,17	3,45	4,13	4,41	5,52	5,38	-	6,21	-	4,34	5,03	4,07	6,21
	10,34	3,86	4,14	4,00	5,17	4,70	-	3,79	5,86	3,59	4,48	4,69	-	5,59	-	-	-	4,90	5,72	4,48	-
	1,38	2,90	3,45	3,17	4,55	3,79	3,79	3,45	3,79	3,10	3,59	3,31	3,45	4,41	4,14	5,38	5,52	2,48	3,65	3,17	3,31
- -	2,76	3,03	3,59	3,45	4,70	4,00	4,14	3,79	4,14	3,45	3,86	3,45	4,14	4,69	5,38	5,79	6,21	3,03	4,14	3,59	4,55
PTFE Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	4,14	3,31	3,86	3,59	4,97	4,14	4,48	4,14	4,48	3,79	4,14	3,86	4,83	5,10	6,07	6,21	-	3,52	5,17	3,86	5,10
PTFE ohraç	5,52	3,59	4,14	3,86	5,24	4,48	4,83	4,48	4,83	4,14	4,41	4,41	5,52	5,38	-	-	-	3,79	5,86	4,27	5,58
lap	6,89	3,72	4,48	4,14	5,65	4,69	5,17	4,83	5,52	4,41	4,69	4,83	6,21	5,79	-	-	-	3,93	-	4,83	6,21
	8,62	4,00	4,83	4,41	5,93	5,10	5,52	5,17	-	4,69	4,97	5,24	-	6,21	-	-	-	4,07	-	5,45	-
	10,34	4,27	5,17	4,70	-	5,52	5,86	5,52	-	4,96	5,24	5,65	-	-	-	-	-	4,34	-	5,72	-

 $^1$  The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%.  $^2$  Bio-Tek includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15).

Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle P$  Pressure Drop definition.



## Advantage<sup>®</sup> and Advantage<sup>®</sup> 2.0 Actuator Sizing - Double Acting

														-							
						Doub	ole Ac							o-Oper	า						
								Air P	ressure	e Requ	iired t	o Clos	e (psig	a)							
	Size	Bio-	Tek <sup>2</sup>	0.	5″	0.7	'5″	1	"	1.	5″	2	"	3	"	4	"	3	"	4	l″
	Actuator	A303/	/B303	A305,	/B305	A308,	/B308	A308,	/B308	A316,	/B316	A316,	/B316	A3	33	A3	33	A3	47	A1	47
	Line										%	ΔP									
	Pressure	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	20	22	26	24	30	18	25	12	20	16	20	22	40	18	24	16	25	11	14	9	25
. c	40	24	28	26	35	20	30	16	25	20	25	26	45	26	29	24	38	17	21	15	30
mer agm	60	26	30	28	40	24	35	20	35	24	30	30	50	32	38	30	55	22	28	22	46
stor phra	80	28	32	32	45	26	40	24	40	28	35	35	55	38	48	38	68	23	35	27	60
Elaston Diaphra	100	30	34	34	50	30	50	28	50	32	40	40	60	42	58	48	84	26	43	32	68
	125	32	38	38	55	34	55	36	55	36	45	45	70	52	68	58	-	34	53	40	76
	150	34	44	42	60	38	60	44	65	40	50	50	80	57	80	68	-	37	61	49	88
	20	34	36	34	36	28	30	25	35	25	34	35	40	38	38	42	44	19	33	31	37
-	40	36	40	36	40	34	35	35	40	30	38	40	50	41	49	50	60	21	40	35	53
gm <sup>1</sup>	60	40	44	40	46	38	40	45	50	35	42	50	60	47	58	56	74	29	46	44	59
PTFE	80	42	46	42	50	40	45	50	55	40	46	55	70	53	67	65	90	32	51	49	65
-P- iapł	100	44	52	44	54	42	50	55	60	45	50	60	80	58	78	73	-	35	58	54	77
ä	125	46	56	46	58	44	55	60	70	50	55	64	90	64	90	82	-	42	68	62	- 1
	150	48	62	48	62	46	60	65	80	55	62	68	-	69	-	90	-	45	78	68	- 1

						Douk	ole Act	ting A	ctuat	ors - A	ir-To-	Close,	Air-To	o-Ope	n						
								Air P	ressur	e Requ	uired t	o Clos	e (bar	)							
	Size	Bio-	Tek <sup>2</sup>	DN	115	DN	20	DN	25	DN	40	DN	150	DN	80	DN	100	DN	80	DN	100
	Actuator	A303,	/B303	A305,	/B305	A308,	/B308	A308,	/B308	A316,	/B316	A316,	/B316	A3	33	A3	33	A3	47	A1	47
	Line										%	∆P									
	Pressure	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	1,38	1,51	1,79	1,65	2,07	1,24	1,72	0,83	1,38	1,10	1,38	1,52	2,76	1,24	1,66	1,10	1,72	0,76	0,79	0,62	1,72
<u> </u>	2,76	1,65	1,93	1,79	2,41	1,38	2,07	1,10	1,72	1,38	1,72	1,79	3,10	1,79	2,00	1,66	2,62	1,17	1,45	1,03	2,07
ne agr	4,14	1,79	2,07	1,93	2,75	1,65	2,41	1,38	2,41	1,65	2,07	2,07	3,45	2,21	2,62	2,07	3,79	1,52	1,93	1,52	3,17
hra	5,52	1,93	2,21	2,21	3,10	1,79	2,76	1,65	2,76	1,93	2,41	2,41	3,79	2,62	3,31	2,62	4,69	1,59	2,41	1,86	4,14
Elastomer Diaphragm	6,89	2,07	2,34	2,34	3,45	2,07	3,45	1,93	3,45	2,21	2,76	2,76	4,14	2,90	4,00	3,31	5,79	1,79	2,96	2,21	4,69
	8,62	2,21	2,62	2,62	3,79	2,34	3,79	2,48	3,79	2,48	3,10	3,10	4,83	3,59	4,69	4,00	-	2,34	3,65	2,76	5,24
	10,34	2,34	3,03	2,90	4,14	2,62	4,14	3,03	4,48	2,76	3,45	3,45	5,52	3,93	5,52	4,69	-	2,55	4,21	3,38	6,07
	1,38	2,34	2,48	2,34	2,48	1,93	2,07	1,72	2,41	1,72	2,34	2,41	2,76	2,62	2,62	2,90	3,03	1,31	2,28	2,14	2,55
<u> </u>	2,76	2,45	2,76	2,48	2,76	2,34	2,41	2,41	2,76	2,07	2,62	2,76	3,45	2,83	3,38	3,45	4,14	1,45	2,76	2,41	3,66
lĝ	4,14	2,76	3,03	2,76	3,17	2,62	2,76	3,10	3,45	2,41	2,90	3,45	4,14	3,24	4,00	3,86	5,10	2,00	3,17	3,03	4,07
PTFE phragm <sup>1</sup>	5,52	2,90	3,17	2,90	3,45	2,76	3,10	3,45	3,79	2,76	3,17	3,79	4,83	3,66	4,62	4,48	6,21	2,21	3,52	3,38	4,48
Diap	6,89	3,03	3,57	3,03	3,72	2,90	3,45	3,79	4,14	3,10	3,45	4,14	5,52	4,00	5,38	5,03	-	2,41	4,00	3,72	5,31
	8,62	3,17	3,86	3,17	4,00	3,03	3,79	4,14	4,83	3,45	3,79	4,41	6,21	4,41	6,21	5,66	-	2,90	4,69	4,28	-
	10,34	3,31	4,27	3,31	4,28	3,17	4,14	4,48	5,52	3,79	4,28	4,69	-	4,76	-	6,21	-	3,10	5,38	4,69	-

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%. <sup>2</sup> Bio-Tek includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15). Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle P$  Pressure Drop definition.



### Advantage® Excel Actuator Sizing - Fail Close

			Fa	ail Close	Actuat	ors - Air	-To-Ope	n, Sprin	g-To-Clo	ose (Rev	erse Ac	ting)		
						Maximu	um Line	Pressur	e (psig)					Air pressure
	Spring						Valve	e Size						required to open
	Package			100 9	% ∆P					0%	$\triangle P$			for full stroke at
	-	BP <sup>2</sup>	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	BP <sup>2</sup>	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	0 psi line presure
	60#	150						125						58
_	90#	150						150						84
D L	60#		120						50					65
ra	90#		150						105					80
Diaphragm	60#			150						80				69
Dia	90#			150						110				74
1	60#				150						110			71
Ĕ	90#				150						130			77
to la	60#					135						90		61
Elastomer	90#					150						110		76
	60#						80						55	59
	90#						150						90	77
	60#	-						-						-
	90#	150						140						87
_	60#		60						30					70
Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	90#		120						50					89
ag	60#			150						90				69
- La	90#			150						130				82
lap	60#				80						50			69
	90#				130						70			80
PTFE	60#					50						15		67
4	90#			İ		105	l					60		80
	60#			İ		l	55					l	30	62
	90#						100						45	80

			Fa	ail Close	Actuat	ors - Air	-To-Ope	n, Sprin	a-To-Clo	ose (Rev	erse Ac	tina)		
								Pressu				<u> </u>		Air pressure
	Spring						Valve	e Size						required to open
	Package			100 %	% ∆P					0%	$\triangle P$			for full stroke at
	)	BP <sup>2</sup>	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	BP <sup>2</sup>	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	0 bar line presure
	4 bar	10,34						8,62						4,00
-	6 bar	10,34						10,34						5,79
gπ	4 bar		7,58						4,83					3,79
Diaphragm	6 bar		10,34						7,24					4,96
p	4 bar			10,34						6,89				4,14
Dia	6 bar			10,34						7,58				5,17
	4 bar				10,34						7,58			4,41
Elastomer	6 bar				10,34						8,96			5,31
sto	4 bar					7,58						6,21		4,21
Ша	6 bar					10,34						7,58		5,24
_	4 bar						5,52						3,79	4,07
	6 bar						10,34						6,55	5,31
	4 bar	-						-						-
	6 bar	10,34						9,65						6,00
-	4 bar		4,14						2,76					4,83
E E	6 bar		8,27						3,45					6,14
raç	4 bar			10,34						6,21				4,76
hd	6 bar			10,34						8,96				5,52
Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	4 bar				5,52						3,45			4,76
	6 bar				10,34						5,52			5,72
PTFE	4 bar					3,45						1,03		4,62
-	6 bar					7,24						4,48		5,58
	4 bar						3,79						2,07	4,14
	6 bar						6,89						3,10	5,38

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%. <sup>2</sup> Bio-Pure includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15). Note: See page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle P$  Pressure Drop definition.



### Advantage® Excel Actuator Sizing - Fail Open 🛛 🚬

			Fail Op	en Actua	tors - Ai	r-To-Clos	e, Spring	g-To-Opei	n (Direct	Acting)			
					A	ir Pressu	re Requi	red to C	ose (psig	g)			
	Line	Bio-F	Pure <sup>2</sup>	0.	5″	0.7	'5"	1	"	1.	5″	2	"
	Pressure						%	∆P					
		100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	20	46	43	49	49	55	56	41	48	31	38	47	59
<u>ہ</u> د	40	49	48	52	56	58	63	46	56	36	47	52	67
nel agr	60	52	52	54	63	61	69	50	64	41	55	57	75
stor	80	54	57	56	69	64	75	54	71	46	63	62	83
Elastomer Diaphragm	100	57	61	59	76	67	82	59	79	51	72	67	90
	125	60	67	62	84	70	90	64	88	57	82	73	100
	150	63	72	64	92	73	97	69	97	62	92	78	-
	20	72	61	61	62	79	67	79	82	64	64	55	66
- -	40	75	66	65	67	83	73	84	90	68	74	60	83
PTFE Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	60	77	70	69	72	87	79	89	98	71	83	64	100
PTFE ohrag	80	79	74	72	76	91	84	94	-	74	92	65	-
iap	100	81	78	76	81	95	90	99	-	77	-	73	-
	125	84	83	80	87	100	97	-	-	81	-	78	-
	150	86	88	84	92	-	-	-	-	84	-	83	-

			Fail Op	en Actua	tors - Ai	r-To-Clos	e, Spring	J-To-Oper	ו (Direct	Acting)			
					A	Air Pressu	ure Requi	ired to C	lose (bai	r)			
	Line	Bio-F	Pure <sup>2</sup>	DN	115	DN	120	DN	125	DN	140	DN	150
	Pressure						%2	∆P					
		100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	1,38	3,17	2,96	3,17	3,10	3,72	3,79	2,76	3,10	2,00	2,48	3,03	3,38
<u>ہ د</u>	2,76	3,38	3,31	3,38	3,59	3,93	4,21	3,03	3,65	2,34	3,10	3,45	4,00
Elastomer Diaphragm	4,14	3,59	3,59	3,59	4,00	4,07	4,62	3,31	4,21	2,69	3,65	3,79	4,62
hra	5,52	3,72	3,93	3,79	4,41	4,21	5,03	3,59	4,76	3,03	4,21	4,14	5,17
Elas	6,89	3,93	4,21	4,00	4,90	4,41	5,38	3,86	5,31	3,38	4,83	4,48	5,79
	8,62	4,14	4,62	4,21	5,45	4,62	5,86	4,21	6,00	3,79	5,52	4,96	6,55
	10,34	4,34	4,96	4,41	5,93	4,76	6,34	4,48	6,48	4,21	6,21	5,38	-
	1,38	4,96	4,21	4,76	5,17	4,83	4,55	5,24	5,10	3,93	3,72	3,72	5,17
Ē	2,76	5,17	4,55	4,96	5,52	5,10	4,90	5,58	5,65	4,21	4,27	4,07	5,86
п Bgn	4,14	5,31	4,83	5,17	5,79	5,31	5,24	5,86	6,14	4,41	4,83	4,34	6,55
PTFE ohra <u>(</u>	5,52	5,45	5,10	5,38	6,07	5,52	5,58	6,21	6,69	4,62	5,38	4,62	-
PTFE Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	6,89	5,58	5,38	5,58	6,34	5,72	5,93	6,48	-	4,83	5,93	4,96	-
	8,62	5,79	5,72	5,79	6,69	6,00	6,34	6,89	-	5,10	6,62	5,31	-
	10,34	5,93	6,07	6,00	-	6,27	6,69	-	-	5,31	-	5,65	-

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%. <sup>2</sup> Bio-Pure includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15). Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle$ P Pressure Drop definition.



### **Advantage® Excel Actuator Sizing - Double Acting**

				Double A	Acting Ac	tuators	- Air-To-C	Close, Air	-To-Oper	ı			
					А	ir Pressu	re Requi	red to Cl	ose (psig	g)			
	Line	Bio-F	Pure <sup>2</sup>	0.	5″	0.7	75″	1	"	1.	5″	2	"
	Pressure						%	∆P					
		100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	20	21	15	27	36	27	30	19	20	18	20	21	23
<u>ہ</u> د	40	24	20	30	43	30	36	23	27	23	29	27	33
nel	60	27	24	33	50	32	42	26	33	28	37	33	42
stor	80	29	29	36	58	34	48	29	39	32	45	39	54
Elastomer Diaphragm	100	32	33	39	63	37	54	32	45	37	53	44	60
	125	35	39	43	71	40	61	36	53	43	63	51	72
	150	38	44	46	79	42	68	40	60	48	73	58	83
	20	47	36	52	58	38	36	39	37	47	48	28	34
ц_	40	50	41	55	65	42	41	45	46	51	57	34	47
Eagn	60	52	45	58	71	46	45	50	54	54	65	39	60
PTFE	80	54	49	60	77	49	49	55	62	57	74	44	73
Piap	100	56	53	63	83	53	54	60	71	60	82	49	86
	125	59	58	66	91	57	59	67	81	64	93	56	-
	150	61	63	69	98	61	64	73	91	68	-	62	-

				Double A	Acting Ac	tuators	- Air-To-C	Close, Air	-To-Oper	า			
					A	Air Pressu	ire Requ	ired to C	lose (bai	r)			
	Line	Bio-F	Pure <sup>2</sup>	DN	115	DN	120	DN	125	DN	140	DN	150
	Pressure						%	∆P					
		100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0	100	0
	1,38	1,45	1,03	1,79	2,62	1,86	1,93	1,10	1,38	1,10	1,03	1,03	1,31
<u>ہ</u> ہے	2,76	1,65	1,38	2,07	2,96	2,07	2,34	1,38	1,86	1,45	1,65	1,45	2,07
Elastomer Diaphragm	4,14	1,86	1,65	2,28	3,31	2,21	2,76	1,65	2,28	1,79	2,21	1,79	2,76
stol	5,52	2,00	2,00	2,48	3,65	2,34	3,10	1,93	2,69	2,07	2,76	2,14	3,45
Elas	6,89	2,21	2,28	2,69	4,00	2,48	3,52	2,21	3,17	2,41	3,38	2,48	4,14
	8,62	2,41	2,69	2,96	4,41	2,69	4,00	2,55	3,72	2,83	4,07	2,96	5,03
	10,34	2,62	3,03	3,17	4,76	2,83	4,41	2,83	4,21	3,17	4,76	3,38	5,86
	1,38	3,24	2,48	3,59	4,00	2,28	2,14	3,38	4,00	2,69	2,83	1,93	2,14
n <sup>1</sup>	2,76	3,45	2,83	3,86	4,48	2,55	2,55	3,65	4,55	2,96	3,38	2,07	3,10
agn	4,14	3,59	3,10	4,07	4,90	2,76	2,90	3,93	5,03	3,17	3,93	2,34	4,00
PTFE ohra <u>(</u>	5,52	3,72	3,38	4,34	5,38	2,96	3,24	4,21	5,52	3,38	4,48	2,62	4,90
PTFE Diaphrag	6,89	3,86	3,65	4,55	5,79	3,17	3,59	4,48	6,00	3,59	5,03	2,90	5,93
	8,62	4,07	4,00	4,83	6,34	3,45	4,07	4,83	6,62	3,86	5,72	3,24	-
	10,34	4,21	4,34	5,10	6,89	3,65	4,48	5,17	-	4,14	6,34	3,52	-

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%.

<sup>2</sup> Bio-Pure includes size 0.25" (DN8), 0.375" (DN10), and 0.5" (DN15). Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle$ P Pressure Drop definition.

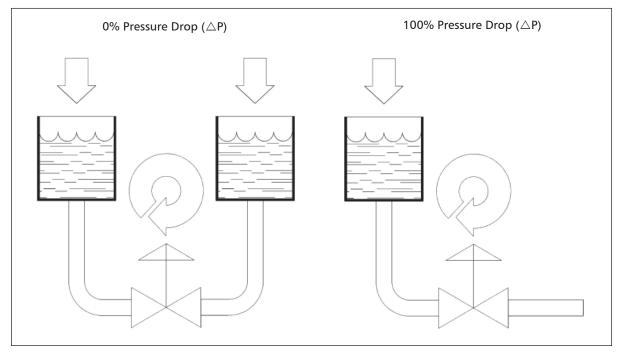


Ac	dvantag	e P	isto	on /	Act	uat	or	(AP	<b>A)</b> :	Sizi	ng	
	Fail Close Actuators - Air-To-Open, Spring-To-Close (Reverse Acting)								ting)			
								ure (p				Air pressure
	Actuator					Valv	e Size					required to open
	and Spring		10	0 % /	ΔP			(	)% ∆I	P		for full stroke at
	Package	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	0.5″	0.75″	1″	1.5″	2″	0 psi line presure
	AP0506 60#	80					60					60
E	AP0509 90#	150					100					85
Diaphragm	AP0756 60#		100					50				60
hq	AP0759 90#		150					100				85
Dia	AP1006 60#			130					70			60
er	AP1009 90#			150					110			88
astomer	AP1506 60#				100					50		54
aste	AP1509 90#				150					120		82
Ē	AP2006 60#					70					30	58
	AP2009 90#					140					75	90
	AP0506 60#	50					30					60
	AP0509 90#	150					70					85
<u> </u>	AP0756 60#		60					60				60
rag	AP0759 90#		105					80				85
Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	AP1006 60#			40					35			60
Dia	AP1009 90#			110					75			88
PTFE	AP1506 60#				40					40		54
PT	AP1509 90#				150					90		82
	AP2006 60#					40					20	58
	AP2009 90#					90					35	90

	Fail C	lose A	ctuate	ors - A	ir-To-(	Open,	Sprin	g-To-C	Close (	Rever	se Act	ting)
	Actuator			Max	kimun	n Line	Press	ure (p	sig)			Air pressure
	Actuator and Spring					Valv	e Size					required to open
	Package		10	<b>)0 %</b>	ΔP			(	D% ∆I	2		for full stroke at
	Таскаде	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	DN15	DN20	DN25	DN40	DN50	0 bar line presure
	AP0506 60#	5,52					4,14					4,14
E	AP0509 90#	10,34					6,89					5,86
raç	AP0756 60#		6,89					3,45				4,14
Diaphragm	AP0759 90#		10,34					6,89				5,86
Dia	AP1006 60#			8,96					4,83			4,14
e	AP1009 90#			10,34					7,58			6,07
E E	AP1506 60#				6,89					3,45		3,72
Elastomer	AP1509 90#				10,34					8,27		5,65
	AP2006 60#					4,89					2,07	4,00
	AP2009 90#					9,65					5,17	6,21
	AP0506 60#	3,45					2,07					4,14
_		10,34					4,83					5,86
Ξ	AP0756 60#		4,14					4,14				4,14
rag	AP0759 90#		7,24					5,52				5,86
Diaphragm <sup>1</sup>	AP1006 60#			2,76					2,41			4,14
Dia	AP1009 90#			7,58					5,17			6,07
	AP1506 60#				2,76					2,76		3,72
PTFE	AP1509 90#				10,34					6,21		5,65
	AP2006 60#					2,76						4,00
	AP2009 90#					6,21						6,21

<sup>1</sup> The exposure of the diaphragm to steam may increase the air requirements to close by as much as 30%. Note: See Page G-9 brochure for  $\triangle P$  Pressure Drop definition.

### **Pressure Drop Definition**



#### Approximate Maximum Chamber Volume

Valve Size			e Actuator Chamber	Advantag Lower C	e Actuator Chamber	APA Lower Chamber		
Inch	DN	in³	cm <sup>3</sup>	in <sup>3</sup> cm <sup>3</sup>		in³	cm <sup>3</sup>	
0.25, 0.375, 0.5 <sup>1</sup>	6, 10, 15 <sup>1</sup>	2.62	43	2.26	37	-	-	
0.5	15	5.49	90	4.27	70	3.22	52,8	
0.75	20	12.51	205	7.63	125	3.72	61,0	
1	25	12.08	198	9.15	150	4.06	66,5	
1.5	40	71.00	1163	34.78	570	14.6	239	
2	50	71.00	1163	38.75	635	18.3	300	
3 (47)	80	463.80	7600	250.20	4100	NA	NA	
4 (47)	100	463.80	7600	250.20	4100	NA	NA	

<sup>1</sup> Bio-Tek sizes

### Valve Stroke (approximate)

Valve	e Size	Mar	nual	Actuated		
Inch	DN	Inch	mm	Inch	mm	
BP/BT	8,10,15	0.16	4,1	0.16	4,1	
0.5	15	0.25	6,3	0.25	6,3	
0.75	20	0.38	9,6	0.38	9,6	
1	25	0.50	12,7	0.50	12,7	
1.5	40	0.81	20,6	0.87	20,6	
2	50	1.00	28,4	1.12	28,4	
3	80	1.62	41,3	1.62	41,3	
4	100	2.12	53,8	1.62	41,3	

### **Flow Coefficients**

#### C, Ratings for Advantage, APA, 903, 913, 963, and 970 Topworks

Size (in)	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.50	2.00	2.50	3.00	4.00 <sup>1</sup>
10% Open	0.19	1.2	2.0	6.0	6	16.0	24	25.6
20% Open	0.38	2.4	3.8	11.5	11	29.6	44	56
30% Open	0.67	3.3	5.8	17.5	16	41.6	68	104
40% Open	1.14	4.1	7.6	22.5	21	52.0	92	160
50% Open	1.43	4.7	9.2	27.5	25	60.0	108	212
60% Open	1.90	5.2	10.9	31.5	31	66.4	124	232
70% Open	2.28	5.7	12.2	35.0	35	71.2	132	256
80% Open	2.66	6.0	13.3	35.0	41	75.2	136	288
90% Open	2.85	6.2	13.6	33.5	45	76.0	140	308
100% Open	3.33	6.2	13.6	28.0	51	76.0	144	320

 $^{1}$  C<sub>v</sub> for 4" valve full open with Advantage Actuator is 272.

### $C_v$ Ratings for Advantage 2.0 and AXS Topworks

Size (in)	0.50	0.75	1.00	1.50	2.00
10% Open	0.19	1.0	1.6	4.0	5
20% Open	0.38	1.9	3.2	9.0	10
30% Open	0.67	2.8	4.8	12.5	15
40% Open	1.14	3.5	6.2	16.5	19
50% Open	1.43	4.1	7.6	20.0	23
60% Open	1.90	4.6	8.9	23.5	28
70% Open	2.28	5.0	10.2	27.0	33
80% Open	2.66	5.5	11.3	30.5	38
90% Open	2.85	5.8	12.5	33.5	42
100% Open	3.33	6.0	13.3	35.5	46

#### C, Ratings for Bio-Tek

Size (in)	0.25	0.375	0.50
100% Open	0.89	1.92	3.03

#### C<sub>v</sub> Ratings for Bio-Pure

Size (in)	0.25	0.375	0.50
100% Open	0.47	1.10	1.60

Note: C<sub>v</sub> values expressed in GPM per one psi pressure drop.

### **Flow Coefficients**

#### K, Ratings for Advantage, APA, 903, 913, 963, and 970 Topworks

Size (DN)	15	20	25	40	50	65	80	<b>100</b> <sup>1</sup>
10% Open	0,16	1,0	1,7	5,2	5,2	13,6	20,4	21,8
20% Open	0,33	2,1	3,3	9,9	9,5	25,2	37,4	47,7
30% Open	0,58	2,9	5,0	15,1	13,8	35,4	57,8	88,5
40% Open	0,99	3,5	6,6	19,5	18,2	44,2	78,3	136,2
50% Open	1,23	4,1	8,0	23,8	21,6	51,0	91,9	180,4
60% Open	1,65	4,5	9,4	27,2	26,8	56,5	105,5	197,4
70% Open	1,97	4,9	10,6	30,3	30,3	60,6	112,3	217,8
80% Open	2,30	5,2	11,5	30,3	35,5	64,6	115,8	245,1
90% Open	2,47	5,4	11,8	29,0	38,9	64,6	119,1	262,1
100% Open	2,88	5,4	11,8	24,2	44,1	64,6	122,6	272,3

 $^{1}$  K, for DN100 valve full open with Advantage Actuator is 232.

#### K, Ratings for Advantage 2.0 and AXS

Size (DN)	15	20	25	40	50
10% Open	0,16	0,9	1,4	3,5	4,3
20% Open	0,33	1,6	2,8	7,8	8,7
30% Open	0,58	2,4	4,2	10,8	13,0
40% Open	0,99	3,0	5,4	14,3	16,4
50% Open	1,23	3,5	6,6	17,3	19,9
60% Open	1,65	4,0	7,7	20,3	24,2
70% Open	1,97	4,3	8,8	23,4	28,5
80% Open	2,30	4,8	9,8	26,4	32,9
90% Open	2,47	5,0	10,8	29,0	36,3
100% Open	2,88	5,2	11,5	30,7	39,8

Note: K<sub>v</sub> values expressed in m3/h per one bar pressure drop.

#### Zerostatic Block Body T Flow Reduction (% Reduction) Estimate of Reduction of C<sub>v</sub> (Standard 2-Way Valve Baseline)

Valve Size Run Size	BT 0.5" (DN15)	0.5" (DN15)	0.75" (DN20)	1″ (DN25)	1.5″ (DN40)	2″ (DN50)
0.5" (DN15)	15.2	18.0	NA	NA	NA	NA
0.75" (DN20)	14.5	17.2	16.2	NA	NA	NA
1" (DN25)	13.8	16.3	15.4	23.5	NA	NA
1.5" (DN40)	13.1	15.5	14.6	22.3	25.5	NA
2" (DN50)	12.4	14.6	13.8	21.0	24.1	19.0
2.5" (DN65)	12.0	14.1	13.4	20.3	23.3	18.4
3" (DN80)	12.0	14.1	13.4	20.3	23.3	18.4
4" (DN100)	11.6	13.7	12.9	19.7	22.6	17.8

Reduced Flow vs. Standard 2 Way Valve

K<sub>v</sub> Ratings for Bio-Tek

**K**<sub>v</sub> Ratings for Bio-Pure

8

0,76

8

0,40

10

1,63

10

0,95

15

2,58

15

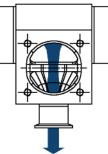
1,36

Size (DN)

100% Open

Size (DN)

100% Open



Example: 1.5" (DN40) Zero Static Tee with 3" (DN80) Run

Approximate 100% open  $C_v = 28 - (23.3\%) (28) = 21.5 C_v$ = 18,3 K

Notes: Consider entrance loss (at valve inlet) is similar to flow through branch of
standard tee.

### Validation and Qualification Documentation

Pure-Flo can provide the following documentation to aid the validation and qualification process upon request.

#### **Process Validation Documentation**

- Certified Mill Test Reports
- Interior Surface Characterization
- Certification of compliance to specifications
- Certification of compliance to CFR Title #21 section 177
- Certification to latest edition of the USP Class VI compliance
- Quality assurance manual
- ISO 9001 certification
- Certification of testing to MSS SP-88

#### **Qualification Assistance**

To assist you in compliance to IQs, OQs and PQs, a preventative maintenance program can be established for the changeout of diaphragms based on your passivation, cleaning, sterilization and process protocols.

				Test Date Page	Cert:	fica	te	2005 30/0	/3004 6/200	047
INDUSTRIA										-
				177 8	NGIN	IERED	VALV	88		
550 TEST R	D.			33 CE	NTERS	/ILLE	ROAD			
17603 LAN				17603			R, PA			
Customer 0 869-STOCK	rder	Deliver 2005/000	Note /0031635		1689			Deli 2	vered	00.ty
Code Artic 8150021631	06	Piece Des BODY BIO	TEK 1132							
Material - F316L89/1.	Type Spe	ification	17440-1							********
Heat Number 236913		Steel			STD		cade )	fark	Forg	in Code
			CAL ANAL						200	
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leat ( 0,007) -	0,812  17,490	0,4801 1,890	2,830  0,0	91 12,760	0,0361	0,014		8,0051		1
			ECHANICA							·····
laberatory Grides	101 TE But	plice .	10H3. 130/mm2	IMLn 1 225,000	Max	1104	lue Ann ann	1042		Value 50315,000
1065/9M/05	(05  Re0.24	offest Jab 7	14/mm2	1 190,000			347,000 274,000	1282		39730,000
1065/IM/05	01 /Telve.3	te. Ba Amb T	18/mm2	1 490,000	690	0001	551,000	1251		79895,000
065/94/05	00113om4Do	A4 Ah T Amb o A5 Ah Amb T	19	1 36,000			49,700			
065/96/05	Intilled on	ea Anb 7 55		1 38,000			43,300			
045/26/25	101   Tenatoria	190 V Anb T		1 55,000			75,000			
065/36/25	0.21		10	1 55,000			279,000		- 1	
065/96/05	1031		12	1 55,000		i	281,000	i	i	
SOLUTION AN ALL PIECES	WERE HEAT	ED TO 194	0 F.						ROV	ED
HELD AT THI EACH 1" OF	THICKNESS	AND QUEN	CHED IN S	OATER			51			
Remarks DELTA FERRI FERRITE AS	TE CONTEN	T = 0.2% 5.96							3 0 20	
MATERIAL PI 3.1B CERTIN	ICATE ACC	ORDING TO	EN 10204	G. ESA-(	143	AND E			EPARI	
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								rada Ada	bairen e	wallta'
								c/u <b>y</b> to		
								1		
	of chemicals analysis shory which has deter									
2 - The materia with any meno	al or components ship ny containing device	ped under the above a single in	order number did n	at come in direct o	or being	menousy or	any of its o	en ponenio	0.007	
								or any address		



CERTIFICATE C	PF COMPLIANCE	Engineened Process Solidons Group 33 Centroville Road P.O. Box 6164 Lansator, PA 17103-2064 Phone (2003) 366-1111 Fac: (717) 559-2336
Customer: ABC CORP Customer Order Number: ITT Order Number: ITT Line Number: ITT Item Number:	Quantity: 100 100000 76760 002 42175	
Item Number (Description	(A) KIT DIA/BKG CSH BT TM/17 (B) PFC	
Additional information:	S4851. DIAPHRACM BT MC TFM     Gurb before 906     Grade TM (modified PTFE) displanagemes have a LMT     Grade TM (modified PTFE) displanagemes comply with     Pharmacopies 2000/2010 Dave TM Description 1000/2010 Dave TM Description     The maximum imprestance and/pu of Grade TM (mod     Grade	the FDA Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 owith and successfully passed the U.S. set, Section 87 and Section 88. Stifed TFPE (algebragms is 350° F/176° C GR EPDM-17 Cauntify: 100 SHELF LIFE of tyeans. FDA Code of Federal Regulations Title 21 Section ind successfully assed the U.S. Pharmacopeia
Comments:	ts on the above referenced purchase order meet the require	unante of the numbers order, antifectule drawing(s), an
our ISO 9001:2000 manufact	uring, testing, and inspection procedures to assure an accep	stable quality level applicable to the product.
Richard E. Bird Manager, Quality Assurance (This certificate was created)	a (or representative) lelectronically and is valid without signature.)	
This certificate is	correct at the time of issue and no changes shall be made Manager. If any unauthorized changes are made,	to it without the authorization of the issuing ITT

### Compliance

#### **100% Interior Surface Finish Inspection:**

- 100% visual inspection
- Statistical profilometer checks

#### 100% Visual Weld Inspection:

- 100% visual inspection of fabrication welds
- Welds by ASME Section IX certified welders.
- 100% pressure test of fabricated welds

#### Seat and Shell Test:

- Valves are statistically seat and shell tested per MSS SP-88
- 100% inspection is available upon request

#### 100% Final Assembly Inspection:

• All valve assemblies are 100% visually inspected prior to shipment

#### **Certified Mill Tests Reports:**

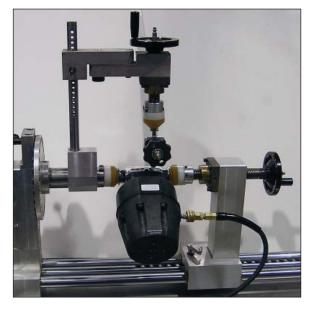
- All valve bodies contain a heat number traceable to a Certified Mill Test Report (CMTR)
- CMTRs for weld wire, tubing, and fittings used in valve fabrications.

#### Non-Destructive Testing:

(available upon request)

- Alloy Identity Testing identifies the exact chemical composition of material
- Liquid Penetration Inspection surface inspection capable of identifying subsurface porosity and weld defects
- Radiographic Inspection volumetric test capable of locating voids or inclusions within material

Leak and Shell Test



Alloy Identity Testing



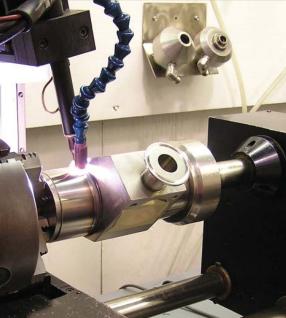
### Compliance

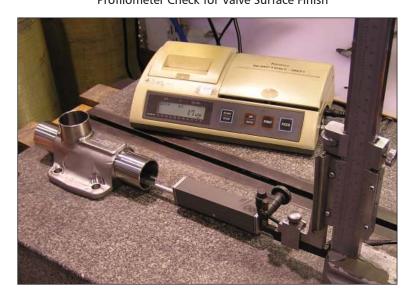
Visual Inspection

Welding











### **Approvals**

#### **USDA Accepted**

The Pure-Flo diaphragm valve is accepted by the USDA for use in federally inspected meat and poultry plants.

Selection from the following configurations is necessary to assure USDA acceptance.

#### **Body**:

- 316L casting
- 316L forging
- Sizes: 0.5–6" (DN15–150)

#### **Interior Polishes:**

- 35 μin (0,89 μm) 11 μin (0,28 μm), see page
- B-7 for Surface Finish chart.
- Electropolish exterior (optional)

#### **End Connections:**

- Tri-Clover Tri-Clamp
- Cherry Burrell "S", "Q", and "I" line, male sanitary thread

#### Diaphragms:

- Black Butyl
- Buna N
- EPDM
- PTFE

#### Bonnets:

- White epoxy
- PVDF coatings
- Stainless steel



Grade TM17 PTFE and Grade 17 EPDM Diaphragms



### ASME Bioprocessing Equipment Standard (ASME BPE)

#### Scope:

The BPE standard was created to develop requirements for the design, materials, construction, inspection, and testing of vessels, piping, and related accessories such as pumps, valves, and fittings for use in the biopharmaceutical industry.

Pure-Flo valves are manufactured in accordance with applicable portions of the ASME BPE.

The BPE standard applies to all parts of equipment and piping that contact:

- Finished product
- Raw materials
- Product intermediates

This includes systems such as:

- Water-for-injection (WFI)
- Clean steam
- Purified water
- Ultrafiltration
- Intermediate product storage

### The BPE is divided into sections or "Parts"

#### Part SD - Design for Sterility & Cleanability

Outlines accepted practices for the fabrication of bioprocessing equipment that is both Cleanable and Sterilizable.

- Cleanability
- Sterility
- Dead Legs L/D = 2:1 target
- Drainability
- Preferred, recommended, and not recommended designs

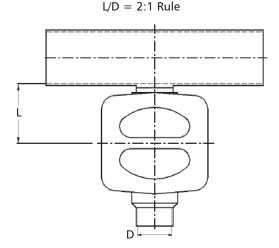
#### Part DT - Dimensions and Tolerances

Establishes acceptable dimensions, tolerances, and markings. This section is not intended to cover valves.

#### Part DT - V - Dimensions and Tolerances -Valves

Addresses valve related criteria including:

- Dimensions
- Tolerances
- Reduced sulfur content 316L specification
- Weld end tangent lengths
- Product marking information





### ASME Bioprocessing Equipment Standard (ASME BPE)

#### Part MJ - Material Joining

Establishes requirements for the joining of bioprocessing equipment.

Weld beads acceptance criteria for:

- Misalignment
- OD / ID concavity
- Lack of penetration
- Convexity
- Width variation
- Meander

#### Part SF - Surface Finish

Specification of interior surface finishes for vessels, distribution systems, and other components having product contact.

- Ra measurements (profilometer)
- Mechanical polish and electropolish requirements
- Visual acceptance criteria

#### Part SG - Seals

Establishes requirements for various mechanical seals and gaskets including valve diaphragms.

- Biocompatability compliance to USP Class VI
- Leakage rates
- Process compatability

#### ASME Table DT-3

## Chemical Composition for Automatic Weld Ends, %

Element	% (316L)
Carbon (C)	0.035 max
Silicon (Si)	0.75 max
Manganese (Mn)	2.0 max
Nickel (Ni)	10 - 15
Chromium (Cr)	16 - 18
Molybdenum (Mo)	2 - 3
Phosphorous (P)	0.04 max
Sulfur (S)	0.005-0.017 max

#### ASME Table DT-4 Tangent Lengths

Nominal OE	) Tu be Size	Tange	ent, T
In	DN	In	mm
0.25	8	1.5	38
0.375	10	1.5	38
0.50	15	1.5	38
0.75	20	1.5	38
1	25	1.5	38
1.5	40	1.5	38
2	50	1.5	38
2.5	65	1.5	38
3	80	1.75	44
4	100	2	50
6	150	2.5	63

#### ASME Table SF-6 R<sub>a</sub> Readings for Valves

Mechanically Polished or any other finishing method that meets the  $\rm R_{a}\ Max$ 

Code	R <sub>a</sub> , MAX			
Code	<i>μ</i> -in.	μm		
SF1	20	0.5		
SF2	25	0.625		
SF3	30	0.75		

#### Mechanically Polished and Electropolished

Code	R <sub>a</sub> , MAX			
Code	<i>μ</i> -in.	μm		
SF4	15	0.375		
SF5	20	0.5		
SF6	25	0.625		

General Notes:

1. All Ra readings are taken across the lay, wherever possible.

2. No single  $R_a$  reading shall exceed the  $R_a$  max. value in this table.

3. Other R readings are available if agreed upon between owner/user and manufacturer, not to exceed values in this table.

### **European Union Directives**

European Union Directives apply to categories of equipment. CE Marking is applied to products where applicable.

#### **Relevant Directives for Valves**

- Pressure Equipment Directive (PED) 97/23/EC
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive (EMC) 89/336/EEC
- Low-Voltage Directive (LVD) 73/23/EEC
- Safety of Machinery Directive 98/37/EC
- Equipment for Explosive Atmospheres (ATEX) 94/9/EC

#### PED - Pressure Equipment Directive 97/23/EC

- The nominal size (DN)
- Maximum allowable pressure
- State of the intended fluid contents (gas or liquid)
- The classification of the intended fluid contents (Group 1 or 2 as defined in Council Directive 67/548/EEC)
- Fluid categories (Liquid or Gas) Group 1
  - Explosive
  - Extremely flammable
  - Highly flammable
  - Flammable (where max allowable temp is above flashpoint)
  - Very toxic
  - Toxic
  - Oxidizing
  - Group 2
  - All other fluids including steam

#### **PED Compliance Categories**

- Sound Engineering Practice "SEP"
- Valves < 1" (DN25) by definition
- "CE" can not be marked
- Category I
- Valves > 1"(DN25) and < 6"(DN150)
- "CE" is marked

Valvo	e Size	PN Rating Stainless	PN Rat- ing	Suitable Fluid Categories			ries
DN	Inch	Steel Bonnet	PAS Bonnet	Liquid Group 2	Liquid Group 1	Gas Group 2	Gas Group 1
6 <sup>1</sup>	0.25 <sup>1</sup>	10.3	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
10 <sup>1</sup>	0.375 <sup>1</sup>	10.3	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
15 <sup>1</sup>	0.5 <sup>1</sup>	10.3	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
15	0.5	13.8	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
20	0.75	13.8	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
25	1	13.8	10.3	SEP	SEP	SEP	SEP
40	1.5	12.1	10.3	I	I	I	I
50	2	12.1	10.3	I	I	I	I
65	2.5	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	I	I	I	I
80	3	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	I	I	I	I
100	4	10 <sup>2</sup>	10 <sup>2</sup>	I	I	I	I
150	6	8.6	N/A	I	I	I	II

<sup>1</sup> Bio-Pure and Bio-Tek

<sup>2</sup> Derated to 145 psi / 10 bar from standard product

Requires Technical File & Notified Body (Optional upon request/ agreement)



			ITT Industries
			33 Centerville Road Lancaster, PA 17603 USA
		laration of Incorpo hinery Directive 98	
	Authorised Representative with European Union	in the	Manufacturing Site
	ITT Pure-Plo <sup>®</sup> (UK) Lni. Richand Street Kirkham, Laroubire England PH4 2HU Tel: +44 (0)1772-682096		ETT Pros-190 <sup>6</sup> (UK) Ltd. Richard Senset Kirkhans, Lancashire England PR4 2HU Tel +44 (9)1772-682996
Des	cription of the machinery of	or parts:	
Valve Mode End o	Accturor's Name I Type I connections roles of Construction	ITT Industries – Engin Disphragm valve Pure-Flo All Body – A182 F316L/S Topworks – Actualed	oonod Valves A479 316UDIN 17440 1.4435
26/1/8	mechinery (valve or valve assembly) or antil live minimum mechinery into el sions of the Machinery Directive \$8/37	high it is to be incorporat	n of Incorporation valeties must not be put in and has been declared in conformity with the
M. S	arised expresentative: Lecie sping Director		
Date	50th June 2003		

# European Union Directives (cont.)

#### EMC - Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive 89/336/EEC

The EMC Directive covers any apparatus liable to cause electromagnetic disturbance or can be affected by such disturbance.

Included Apparatus:

- Solenoid valves
- Proximity switches
- Electro Pnuematic positioners

• Electro Pnuematic transducers Excluded Apparatus:

- Limit switches
- "CE" Marked

#### LVD - Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC

- Electrical equipment rated between 50 1000 VAC, 75-1500 VDC
- EC Declaration of Conformity required
- "CE" marked

#### Safety of Machinery Directive 98/37/EC

- An assembly of linked parts or components, at least one of which that moves
- Actuated valves are considered components and therefore require a Declaration of Incorporation
- Manual valves are excluded from this directive

### **ATEX Directive 94/9/EC**

- Institutes uniform controls on equipment intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres (PEAs) within the EU and European Economic Area (EEA)
- Compliance mandatory on July 1, 2003 All equipment intended for use in potentially explosive atmospheres, defined as machines, apparatus, fixed or mobile devices, control components and instrumentation which, separately or jointly, are capable of causing an explosion through their own potential sources of ignition.
- Facility owners must classify potentially explosive atmospheres into Zones
- Products must be classified into Equipment Groups and Categories
- Pure-Flo valves are Equipment Group II products
  - Zone 0 environments require Category 1 hardware
  - Zone 1 environments require Category 1 or 2 hardware
  - Zone 2 environments require Category 1, 2, or 3 hardware
  - A facility must specify whether the hazard present is due to gas or dust. The ATEX Directive treats these hazards differently and outlines different methods of protection
  - An equipment manufacturer must provide
     ambient temperature range
    - maximum surface temperature
- All products must be assessed as a system. The compliance of individual components is not sufficient justification for deeming the assembly as ATEX approved.
- All ATEX approved products must bear a CE mark
- A Declaration of Conformity and Instructions for Safe Use are supplied as required
- Manufacturers and Users are responsible for compliance



#### **Application**

The Pure-Flo product line of Sample and Bleed Valves provides compact and economical means to extract process samples and bleed off excess condensate while maintaining product sterility.

#### **Benefits**

Stagnant fluid inherent to the take-off leg of a conventional diaphragm or ball valve sample valve is eliminated in the Pure-Flo Sample Valve. By providing a stainless steel metal to metal shut off directly at the Tri-Clamp®, the typical take-off leg is eliminated.

Pure-Flo Sample and Bleed Valves are available in Sample, Zero Static Sample, and Bleed, and with a number of standard and optional features to best suit your system design.

Sample and Bleed Valves are manufactured from 316L stainless steel and utilize a thermoplastic handwheel so that they can withstand typical cleaning and sterilization protocols, including autoclaving.

The relatively simple design utilizing "off the shelf" o-ring seals allows for easy replacement of sealing components.

The Sample Valve handle and stem are designed to provide smooth operation and limited wear on the internal components.

The Zero Static Sample Valve can be installed directly in line and allows a sample to be taken or condensate to be drained without the typical hold up volume or contact surfaces inherent to branch valve assemblies.

The Bleed valve is a simple but effective design for providing a quick and easy way to asperate or drain a system. These are often used for filter housings, bubble traps, and small tanks. An optional weld end allows the bleed valve to become an integral part of any assembly.

All product contact materials are FDA compliant.





#### Standard Features

- Body Material: 316L
- O-Ring/Seal Material: EPDM FDA compliant, USP Class VI
- Handwheel Material: Polyphenylsulfone
- Standard Interior Surface Finish: 11μin (0,3μm) Ra
- Electropolish: Interior and Exterior
- Inlet End Connection: Tri-Clamp<sup>®</sup>
- Outlet End Connection: Tri-Clamp<sup>®</sup>, Buttweld, Hose Barb
- Maximum Temperature/Pressure: 275°F (135°C) 100 psi (7,0 bar)
- Autoclavable

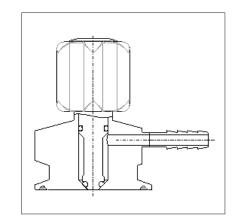
#### **Available Options**

- Body Material: 1.4435, AL6XN, C276, C22
- O-Ring Seal Material: Viton FDA compliant, Viton - FDA compliant and USP Class VI
- End Connections: ISO/DIN
- Outlet Option: 2nd outlet, steaming port
- Operation: Toggle style handle available on sample valve and zerostatic sample valve
- Other options available upon request

### Sample Valves

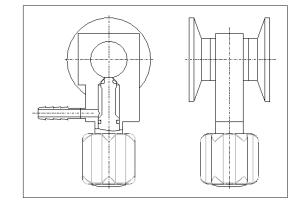
Sample Valve





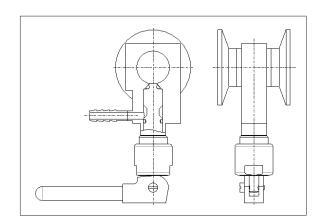
Zero Static Sample Valve





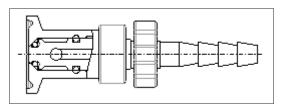
**Toggle Style Operation** 





### **Bleed Valve**





Drawing is an example of a customer specific sample valve drawing

### Sample valve configurations

#### Standard configuration

SV – W – 1 – 419 - .38 – X41 – EPDM

Code	SV	W	1	419	.38	X41	EPDM
Description	Valve type	Material	Inlet size	Inlet end connection	Outlet size	Outlet end connection	O-ring type

#### Special configuration

SV-WD-.5-419-34-.25-X19S1-34-VIT-SPEC:2nd Outlet 0.25"-PER DRAWING:K18000-MAX FERR:3%

Code	sv	WD	.5	419	34	.25	X19S1
Description	Valve type	Material	Inlet size	Inlet end connection	Special inlet Tri-clamp	Outlet size	Outlet end connection

34	VIT	SPEC: 2nd Outlet 0.25"	Per Drawing: K18000	MAX FERR:3%
Special outlet Tri-clamp		Special outlet configurations		Controlled ferrite

### **Options**

#### Valve Type (Block valve)

Code	Description	Inlet/run sizes	End Connections	Outlet sizes	End Connections
SV	Sample valve	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 1/2	TC / BW / HB / SPEC
ZSS	Zerostatic sample valve	<sup>1</sup> ⁄4 - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 1/2	TC / BW / HB / SPEC
BV	Bleed valve	1⁄4 - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 3/8	HB ONLY
SV-TSH	Toggle sample valve	<sup>1</sup> ⁄4 - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 1/2	TC / BW / HB / SPEC
ZSS-TSH	Toggle zerostatic sample valve	<sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub> - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 1/2	TC / BW / HB / SPEC
SPEC	Special sample valve	<sup>1</sup> ⁄4 - 4.0″	TC / BW / SPEC	1/8 – 1/2	TC / BW / HB / SPEC

### **Model Codes**

#### Valve Type

Code	Description
SV	Sample valve
ZSS	Zerostatic sample valve
BV	Bleed valve
SPEC	Special

#### **Operation option**

Code	Description
TSH	Toggle style handle

#### Material

Code	Description
W	316L SS
WD	1.4435 SS
WA	AL-6XN
WC6	Hastelloy c-276
WC2	Hastelloy c-22
OTH	Other material

#### Inlet/run size

Code	Description
0.25	1⁄4″ (DN06)
0.38	3/8" (DN10)
0.5	1/2" (DN15)
0.75	<sup>3</sup> /4″ (DN20)
1.0	1" (DN25)
1.5	1 ½" (DN40)
2.0	2" (DN50)
2.5	2 ½" (DN65)
3.0	3" (DN80)
4.0	4" (DN100)

#### Inlet/run end connection

Code	Description
41952	Tri-Clamp 14 Gauge
419	Tri-Clamp 16 Gauge
419S	Tri-Clamp 18 Gauge
419S1	Tri-Clamp 20 Gauge
429	Buttweld 14 Gauge
428	Buttweld 16 Gauge
423	Buttweld 18 Gauge
424	Buttweld 20 Gauge
SPEC	Special

#### Outlet size

Code	Description
0.13	1/8" (DN04)
0.25	1⁄4″ (DN06)
0.38	3/8" (DN10)
0.5	1/2" (DN15)

#### **Outlet end connection**

Code	Description
X19	Tri-Clamp 16 Gauge
X19S	Tri-Clamp 18 Gauge
X19S1	Tri-Clamp 20 Gauge
X28	Buttweld 16 Gauge
X23	Buttweld 18 Gauge
X24	Buttweld 20 Gauge
X40	Hosebarb 16 Gauge
X41	Hosebarb 18 Gauge
SPEC	Special

#### O-ring type

Code	Description
EPDM	EPDM o-ring (FDA & USP CLASS VI)
VIT	Viton o-ring (FDA)
VITUSP	Viton o-ring (FDA & USP CLASS VI)

#### Special inlet tri-clamp diameter

Code	Description
25	25mm Tri-clamp
34	34mm Tri-clamp
50.5	50.5mm Tri-clamp

#### Special outlet tri-clamp diameter

Code	Description
25	25mm Tri-clamp
34	34mm Tri-clamp
50.5	50.5mm Tri-clamp

#### Special outlet configuration

Code	Description
Spec	Special (text box)

#### Special tagging

Code	Description
RTAG	STN STL round tag
STAG	STN STL square tag
SPEC	Special tag
CHAIN	STN STL chain
TIE	Plastic tie wrap
WIRE	STN STL wire

### **Figure Number Cross Reference**

#### Bleed Valve

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S100855	BV-BL-HB-BL-01	-	BLEED VLV ASSY, BL X .125, BL X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101490	BV-NPT-HB-02-02	-	BLEED VLV ASSY, .250 X .250, MNPT X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100856	BV-BL-HB-BL-02	-	BLEED VLV ASSY, BL X .250, BL X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100824	BV-TC-HB-04-01	BV-W5-41913-X41-EPDM	BLEED VLV ASSY, .500 X.125, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100825	BV-TC-HB-04-02	BV-W5-41925-X41-EPDM	BLEED VLV ASSY, .500 X.250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100826	BV-TC-HB-12-01	BV-W-1.5-41913-X41-EPDM	BLEED VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .125, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100827	BV-TC-HB-12-02	BV-W-1.5-41925-X41-EPDM	BLEED VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100828	BV-TC-HB-16-02	BV-W-2-41925-X41-EPDM	BLEED VLV ASSY, 2.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM

#### Bleed Valve with Viton O-Rings

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S102585	-	BV-W5-41925-X41-VIT	BLEED VLV ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/VITON

#### Sample Valve

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S101848	SV-TC-HB-04-01	SV-W5-41913-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .125, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100829	SV-TC-HB-04-02	SV-W5-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100831	SV-TC-HB-04-03	SV-W5-41938-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101612	SV-TC-HB-04-04	SV-W5-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101849	SV-TC-HB-12-01	SV-W-1.5-41913-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .110, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100832	SV-TC-HB-12-02	SV-W-1.5-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S102228	-	-	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X 45HB, 15 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100833	SV-TC-HB-12-03	SV-W-1.5-41938-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100834	SV-TC-HB-12-04	SV-W-1.5-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100835	SV-TC-HB-16-02	SV-W-2-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 2.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100836	SV-TC-HB-32-02	SV-W-4-419S225-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 4.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100837	SV-TC-TC-04-02	SV-W5-41925-X19S1-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100838	SV-TC-TC-04-04	SV-W5-4195-X19-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100839	SV-TC-TC-12-02	SV-W-1.5-41925-X19S1- EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100840	SV-TC-TC-12-04	SV-W-1.5-4195-X19-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .500, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101487	SV-BL-HB-BL-02	-	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, BL X .250, BL X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S102180	-	-	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, BL X .250, BL X WE, ACT, 11 A 316L/EPDM
S102181	-	-	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X TC, ACT, 11 A 316L/EPDM

### Figure Number Cross Reference

#### Sample Valve with Viton O-Rings

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S102582	-	SV-W5-41925-X41-VIT	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/VITON
S102583	-	SV-W5-4195-X19-VIT	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/VITON
S102584	-	SV-W-1.5-41925-X41-VIT	SAMPLE VLV ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/VITON
S102586	- SV-W5-41925-X19S1-VIT		SAMPLE VLV ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/VITON

#### Zero Static Sample Valve

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S100842	ZSS-TC-HB-02-02	ZSS-W25-419S125-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .250 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100843	ZSS-TC-HB-04-02	ZSS-W5-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100844	ZSS-TC-HB-04-03	ZSS-W5-41938-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .500 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100841	ZSS-TC-WE-06-02	ZSS-W75-41925-X24-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .750 X .250, TC X WE, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100845	ZSS-TC-HB-06-02	ZSS-W75-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .750 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100846	ZSS-TC-HB-06-04	ZSS-W75-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .750 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100847	ZSS-TC-HB-08-02	ZSS-W-1-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, 1.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101499	ZSS-TC-HB-08-04	ZSS-W-1-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, 1.00 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100848	ZSS-TC-HB-12-02	ZSS-W-1.5-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101500	ZSS-TC-HB-12-04	ZSS-W-1.5-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, 1.50 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100849	ZSS-TC-HB-16-02	ZSS-W-2-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, 2.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101545	ZSS-TC-TC-04-04	ZSS-W5-4195-X19-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV ZS ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM

#### **Toggle Sample Valve**

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	New Figure Number	Description
S100852	TSV-TC-HB-04-04	SV-TSH-W5-4195-X40-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV TOG ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100850	TSV-TC-HB-04-02	SV-TSH-W5-41925-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV TOG ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100851	TSV-TC-HB-04-03	SV-TSH-W5-41938-X41-EPDM	SAMPLE VLV TOG ASSY, .500 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM

#### Angle Bleed Valve

PFCA Part Number	Old Figure Number	Elogia Figure Number	Description
S100819	ABV-BL-HB-BL-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, BL X .250, BL X HB 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100821	ABV-TC-HB-04-04	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, .500 X .500, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100815	ABV-TC-HB-04-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101758	ABV-TC-HB-04-03	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, .500 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100820	ABV-TC-TC-04-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, .500 X .250, TC X TC, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100816	ABV-TC-HB-12-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, 1.50 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S101759	ABV-TC-HB-12-03	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, 1.50 X .375, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100817	ABV-TC-HB-16-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, 2.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S100818	ABV-TC-HB-24-02	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, 3.00 X .250, TC X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM
S102362	-	OBSOLETE	BLEED VLV ANGL ASSY, .500 X .250 X .250, TC X HB X HB, 11 PG A 316L/EPDM



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